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(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): THE MINIS-TER OF AGRICULTURE FISHERIES & FOOD [GB/GB]; Whitehall Place, London SW1A 2HH (GB).

(72) Inventors; and

- (75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): JARRETT, Paul [GB/GB]; 14 Home Furlong, Wellesbourne, Warwickshire CV35 9TW (GB). ELLIS, Deborah, June [GB/GB]; 7 Cooke Close, Warwick, Warwickshire CV34 5YG (GB). MORGAN, James, Alun, Wynne [GB/GB]; Pen-Y-Goruf Farm, Gorof Road, Ystradgynlais, Swansea SA9 1TP (GB).
- (74) Agent: SKELTON, S., R.; D/IPR, Formalities Section (Procurement Executive), Poplar 2, MOD Abbey Wood #19, P.O. Box 702, Bristol BS12 7DU (GB).

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(57) Abstract

A method for killing pests (e.g. insects) comprising administering material from Xenorhabdus species (e.g. X. nematophilus) such as cells or supernatants orally to the pests, either alone or in conjunction with Bacillus thuringiensis or pesticidal materials derived therefrom. Also disclosed is an isolated pesticidal agent (and compositions comprising the same) characterised in that it is obtainable from cultures of X. nematophilus or mutants thereof, has oral pesticidal activity against Pieris brassicae, Pieris rapae and Plutella xylostella, is substantially heat stable to 55 °C, is proteinaceous, acts synergistically with B. thuringiensis cells as an oral pesticide and is substantially resistant to proteolysis by trypsin and proteinase K. DNA encoding pesticidal activity is also disclosed.

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#### PESTICIDAL AGENTS

The present invention relates to materials, agents and compositions having pesticidal activity which derive from bacteria, and more particularly from Xenorhabdus species. The invention further relates to organisms and methods employing such compounds and compositions.

There is an ongoing requirement for materials, agents, compositions and organisms having pesticidal activity, for instance for use in crop protection or insectmediated disease control. Novel materials are required to overcome the problem of resistence to existing

15 pesticides. Ideally such materials are cheap to produce, stable, have a high toxicity (either when used alone or in combination) and are effective when taken orally by the pest target. Thus any invention which provided materials, agents, compositions or organisms in which any of these properties was enhanced would represent a step forward in the art.

Xenorhabdus spp. in nature are frequently symbiotically associated with a nematode host, and it is known that this association may be used to control pest activity. For instance, it is known that certain Xenorhabdus spp. alone are capable of killing an insect host when injected into the host's hemocoel.

In addition, one extracellular insecticidal toxin from Photorhabdus luminescens has been isolated (this species was recently removed from the genus Xenorhabdus, and is closely related to the species therein). This toxin is not effective when ingested, but is highly toxic when injected into certain insect larvae (see Parasites and Pathogens of Insects Vol.2, Eds. Beckage, N. E. et al., Academic Press 1993).

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Also known are certain low-molecular weight heterocyclic compounds from *P.luminescens* and *X.nematophilus* which have antibiotic properties when applied intravenously or topically (see Rhodes, S.H. et al., PCT WO 84/01775).

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Unfortunately none of these prior art materials have the ideal pesticide characteristics discussed above, and in particular, they do not have toxic activity when administered orally.

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The present invention provides pesticidal agents and compositions from *Xenorhabdus* species, organisms which produce such compounds and compositions, and methods which employ these agents, compositions and organisms, that alleviate some of the problems with the prior art.

According to one aspect of the present invention there is disclosed a method of killing or controlling insect pests comprising administering cells from Xenorhabdus species or pesticidal materials derived or obtainable therefrom, orally to the pests.

A PCT application of CSIRO published as WO 95/00647 discloses an apparently toxic protein from Xenorhabdus nematophilus; however no details of the protein's toxicity are given, and certainly there is no disclosure of its use as an oral insecticide.

Thus the invention provides an insecticidal composition adapted for oral administration to an insect, which composition comprises a pesticidal material obtainable from a Xenorhabdus species, or a pesticidal fragment thereof, or a pesticidal variant or derivative of either of these.

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The composition may in fact comprise cells of Xenorhabdus or alternatively supernatant taken from cultures of cells of Xenorhabdus species. However, the composition

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preferably comprises toxins isolable from Xenorhabdus as illustrated hereinafter. Toxic activity has been associated with material encoded by the nucleotide sequence of Figure 2. Thus, the composition suitably 5 comprises a pesticidal material which is encoded by all or part of the nucleotide sequence of Figure 2. Pesticidal fragments as well as variants or derivatives of such toxins may also be employed.

The sequence of Figure 2 is of the order of 40kb in length. It is believed that this sequence may encode more than one protein, each of which may regulate or be insecticidal either alone or when presented together. is a matter of routine to determine which parts are necessary or sufficient for insecticidal activity. 15

As used herein the term "variant" refers to toxins which have modified amino acid sequence but which share similar activity. Certain amino acids may be replaced with different amino acids without altering the nature of the The replacement may be activity in a significant way. by way of "conservative substitution" where an amino acid is replaced with an amino acid of broadly similar properties, or there may be some non-conservative substitutions. In general however, the variants will be 25 at least 60% homologous to the native toxin, suitably at least 70% homologous and more preferably at least 90% homologous.

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The term "derivative" relates to toxins which have been 30 modified for example by chemical or biological methods.

These toxins are novel, and they and the nucleic acids which encode them form a further aspect of the invention.

A preferred Xenorhabdus species is the bacteria X.nematophilus. Particular strains of X.nematophilus which are useful in the context of the invention are

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ATTC 19061 strain, available from the National Collection of Industrial and Marine Bacteria, Aberdeen, Scotland (NCIMB). In addition, suitable strains include two novel strains of Xenorhabdus which were deposited at the NCIMB on 10 July 1997 and were designated with repository numbers NCIMB 40886 and NCIMB 40887. These latter strains form a further aspect of the invention.

All strains have common characteristics as set out in the 10 following Table 1.

Table 1 Strains

		Strains	
Characteristics	ATCC 19061	NCIMB 40887	NCIMB 40886
Gram strain	negative	negative	negative
Shape/size	rods up to	rods up to	rods up to
- ,	4μm long	4μm long	4µm long
Motile	Yes	Yes	Yes
Bioluminescent	No	No	No
Colour on NBTA*	blue	blue	blue
insecticidal on			
ingestion by	yes	уeв	yes
insects			
Production of	yes	yes	yes
Antibiotics			
Resistant to			
ampicillin	yes	yes	уeв
(50μg/ml)			
colony	circular	circular	circular
morphology/	convex	convex	convex
colour	cream	cream	cream

<sup>15 \*</sup>NBTA (Oxoid nutrient agar containing 0.0025% bromothymol blue and 0.004% tetrazolium chloride)

Preferably the pest target is an insect, and more preferably it is of the order Lepidoptera, particularly

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Pieris brassicae, Pieris rapae, or Plutella xylostella or the order Diptera, particularly Culex quinquefaciatus.

In a preferred embodiment of the invention, cells from Xenorhabdus species or agents derived therefrom are used in conjunction with Bacillus thuringiensis as an oral pesticide.

In further embodiments, rather than using Bacillus thuringiensis itself, pesticidal materials obtainable from B.thuringiensis (e.g. delta endotoxins or other isolates) are used in conjunction with Xenorhabdus species.

The term 'obtainable from' is intended to embrace not only materials which have been isolated directly from the bacterium in question, but also those which have been subsequently cloned into and produced by other organisms.

Thus the unexpected discovery that bacteria of the genus Xenorhabdus (and materials derived therefrom) have pesticidal activity when ingested, and that such bacteria and materials can be used advantageously in conjunction with B.thuringiensis (and toxins or materials derived therefrom), forms the basis of a further aspect of the present invention. The pesticidal activity of B.thuringiensis isolates alone have been well documented. However, synergistic pesticidal activity between such isolates and bacteria of the Xenorhabdus species (or materials derived therefrom) has not previously been demonstrated.

In still further embodiments of the invention, culture supernatant taken from cultures of *Xenorhabdus* species, particularly *X. nematophilus*, is used in place of cells from *Xenorhabdus* species in the methods above.

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All of these methods can be employed, <u>inter alia</u>, in pest control.

The invention also makes available pesticidal

compositions comprising cells from Xenorhabdus species,
preferably X.nematophilus, in combination with B.
thuringiensis. As with the methods above, a pesticidal
toxin from B.thuringiensis (preferably a delta endotoxin)
may be used as an alternative to B.thuringiensis in the
compositions of the present invention

Likewise, culture supernatant taken from cultures of Xenorhabdus species, preferably, X.nematophilus may be used in place of cells from Xenorhabdus species.

Such compositions can be employed, inter alia, for crop protection eg. by spraying crops, or for livestock protection. In addition, compositions of the invention may be used in vector control.

The invention further encompasses novel pesticidal agents which can be isolated from Xenorhabdus spp. Techniques for isolating such agents would be understood by the skilled person.

In particular, such techniques include the separation and identification of toxin proteins either at the protein level or at the DNA level.

The applicants have cloned and partially sequenced a region of DNA from Xenorhabdus NCIMB 40887 which region codes for insecticidal activity and this is shown as Figure 2 (SEQ ID NO. 1) hereinafter. Thus in a preferred embodiment the invention also provides a toxin which is encoded by DNA of SEQ ID No. 1 or a variant or fragment thereof.

The invention also provides a recombinant DNA which encodes such a toxin. The recombinant DNA of the invention may comprise the sequence of Figure 2 or a variant or fragment thereof. Other DNA sequences may encode similar proteins as a result of the degeneracy of the genetic code. All such sequences are encompassed by the invention.

The sequence provided herein is sufficient to allow probes to be produced which can be used to identify and subsequently to extract DNA of toxin genes. This DNA may then be cloned into vectors and host cells as is understood in the art.

DNA which comprises or hybridises with the sequence of Figure 2 under stringent conditions forms a further aspect of the invention.

The expression "hybridises with" means that the
nucleotide sequence will anneal to all or part of the
sequence of Figure 2 under stringent hybridisation
conditions, for example those illustrated in "Molecular
Cloning", A Laboratory Manual" by Sambrook, Fritsch and
Maniatis, Cold Spring Habor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring
Harbor, N.Y.

The length of the sequence used in any particular analytical technique will depend upon the nature of the technique, the degree of complementarity of the sequence, the nature of the sequence and particularly the GC content of the probe or primer and the particular hybridisation conditions employed. Under high stringency, only sequences which are completely complementary will bind but under low stringency conditions, sequences which are 60% homologous to the target sequence, more suitably 80% homologous, will bind. Both high and low stringency conditions are encompassed by the term "stringent conditions" used herein.

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Suitable fragments of the DNA of Figure 2, i.e. those which encode pesticidal agents may be identified using standard techniques. For example, transposon mutagenesis techniques may be used, for example as described by H.S. Siefert et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, (1986) 83, 735-739. Vectors such as the cosmid CHRIMI, can be mutated using a variety of transposons and then screened for loss of insectidal activity. In this way regions of DNA encoding proteins responsible for toxic activity can be identified.

For example, the mini-transposon mTn3(HIS3) can be introduced into a toxic Xenorhabdus clone such as cHRIM1, hereinafter referred to as `clone 1', by electroporating cHRIM1 DNA into E.coli RDP146(pLB101) and mating this strain with E.coli RDP146(pOX38), followed by E. coli NS2114Sm. The final strain will contain cHRIM1DNA with a single insertion of the transposon mTn3(HIS3). These colonies can be cultured and tested for insecticidal activity as described in Example 8 hereinafter. Restriction mapping or DNA sequencing can be used to identify the insertion point of mTn3(HIS3) and hence the regions of DNA involved in toxicity. Similar approached can be used with other transposons such as Tn5 and mTn5.

Site directed mutagenesis of cHRIM1 as outlined in "Molecular Cloning, A Laboratory Manual" by Maniatis, Fritsch and Sambrook, (1982) Cold Spring Harbor, can also be used to test the importance of specific regions of DNA for toxic activity.

Alternatively, subcloning techniques can be used to identify regions of the cloned DNA which code for insecticidal activity. In this method, specific smaller fragments of the DNA are subcloned and the activity determined. To do this, cosmid DNA can be cut with a suitable restriction enzyme and ligated into a compatible

restriction site on a plasmid vector, such as pUC19. The ligation mix can be transformed into E. coli and transformed clones selected using a selection marker such as antibiotic resistance, which is coded for on the plasmid vector. Details of these techniques are described for example in Maniatis et al, supra, (see p390-391) and Methods in Molecular Biology, by L.G. Davies, M.D. Dibner and J.F. Battey, Elsevier, (see p222-224).

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Individual colonies containing specific cloned fragments can be cultured and tested for activity as described in Example 8 hereinafter. Subclones with insecticidal activity can be further truncated using the same methodology to further identify regions of the DNA coding for activity.

The invention also discloses an isolated pesticidal agent characterised in that the agent is obtainable from cultures of X. nematophilus or variants thereof, has oral pesticidal activity against Pieris brassicae, Pieris rapae and Plutella xylostella, is substantially heat stable to 55°C, is proteinaceous, acts synergistically with B. thuringiensis cells as an oral pesticide and is substantially resistant to proteolysis by trypsin and 25 proteinase K.

By 'substantially heat stable to 55°C' is meant that the agent retains some pesticidal activity when tested after heating the agent in suspension to 55°C for 10 minutes, and preferably retains at least 50% of the untreated activity.

By 'substantially resistant to proteolysis' is meant that the agent retains some pesticidal activity when exposed to proteases at 30°C for 2 hours and preferably retains at least 50% of the untreated activity.

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By 'acts synergistically' is meant that the activity of the combination of components is greater than one might expect from the use of the components individually. example, when used in conjunction with B. thuringiensis 5 cells as an oral pesticide, the concentration of B. thuringiensis cellular material necessary to give 50% mortality in a P.brassicae when used alone is reduced by at least 80% when it is used in combination the agent at a concentration sufficient to give 25% mortality when the agent is used alone.

It has been found that the activity of the material is retained by 30 kDa cut-off filters but is only partly retained by 100 kDa filters.

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Preferably the agent is still further characterised in that the pesticidal activity is lost through treatment at 25°C with sodium dodecyl sulphate (SDS - 0.1% 60 mins) and acetone (50%, 60 mins).

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Clearly the characterising properties of the isolated agent described above can be utilised to purify it from, or enrich its concentration in, Xenorhabdus species cells and culture medium supernatants. Methods of purifying proteins from heterogenous mixtures are well known in the art (eg. ammonium sulphate precipitation, proteolysis, ultrafiltration with known molecular weight cut-off filters, ion-exchange chromatography, gel filtration, etc.). The oral pesticidal activity provides a 30 convenient method of assaying the level of agent after each stage, or in each sample of eluent. Such methodology does not require inventive endeavour by those skilled in the art.

The invention further discloses oral pesticidal compositions comprising one or more agents as described Such compositions preferably further comprise other pesticidal materials from non-Xenorhabdus species.

These other materials may be chosen such as to have complementary properties to the agents described above, or act synergistically with it.

- Preferably the oral pesticidal composition comprises one or more pesticidal agents as described above in combination with B. thuringiensis (or with a toxin derived therefrom, preferably endotoxin).
- Recombinant DNA encoding said proteins also forms a further aspect of the invention. The DNA may be incorporated into an expression vector under the influence of suitable control elements such as promoters, enhancers, signal sequences etc. as is understood in the art. These expression vectors form a further aspect of the invention. They may be used to transform a host organism so as to ensure that the organism produces the toxin.
- 20 The invention further makes available a host organism comprising a nucleotide sequence coding for a pesticial agent as described above.
- Methods of cloning the sequence for a characterised 25 protein into a host organism are well known in the art. For instance the protein may be purified and sequenced: as activity is not required for sequencing, SDS gel electrophoresis followed by blotting of the gel may be used to purify the protein. The protein sequence can be used to generate a nucleotide probe which can itself be 30 used to identify suitable genomic fragments from a These fragments can then be Xenorhabdus gene library. inserted via a suitable vector into a host organism which can express the protein. The use of such general methodology is routine and non-inventive to those skilled in the art. Such techniques may be applied to the production of Xenorhabdus toxins other than those encoded by the sequence of Figure 2.

It may be desirable to manipulate (eg. mutate) the agent by altering its gene sequence (and hence protein structure) such as to optimise its physical or toxicological properties.

It may also be desirable for the host to be engineered or selected such that it also expresses other proteinaceous pesticidal materials (eg. delta- endotoxin from B.

- thuringiensis). Equally it may be desirable to generate host organisms which express fusion proteins composed of the active portion of the agent plus these other toxicity enhancing materials.
- 15 A host may be selected for the purposes of generating large quantities of pesticidal materials for purification e.g. by using B.thuringiensis transformed with the agent-coding gene. Preferably however the host is a plant, which would thereby gain improved pest-resistance.
- 20 Suitable plant vectors, eg. the Ti plasmid from Agrobacterium tumefaciens, are well known in the art.

  Alternatively the host may be selected such as to be directly pathogenic to pests, eg. an insect baculovirus.
- The teaching and scope of the present invention embraces all of these host organisms plus the agents, mutated agents or agent-fusion materials which they express.
- Thus the invention makes available methods, compositions, agents and organisms having industrially applicable pesticidal activity, being particularly suited to improved crop protection or insect-mediated disease control.
- The methods, compositions and agents of the present invention will now be described, by way of illustration only, through reference to the following non-limiting examples and figures. Other embodiments falling within

the scope of the invention will occur to those skilled in the art in the light of these.

#### **FIGURE**

- 5 Figure 1 shows the variation with time of the growth of X. nematophilus ATCC 19061 and activity of cells and supernatants against P. brassicae as described in Example 3.
- 10 Figure 2 shows the sequence of a major part of a cloned toxin gene from Xenorhabdus.

Figure 3 shows a comparison of the restriction maps of cloned toxin genes from two strains of Xenorhabdus

15 (clone 1 above and clone 3 below).

#### **EXAMPLES**

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Example 1 - Use of X. nematophilus cells as an oral insecticide

CELL GROWTH: A subculture of X.nematophilus (ATCC 19061,
Strain 9965 available from the National Collections of
Industrial and Marine Bacteria, Aberdeen, Scotland) was
used to inoculate 250 ml Erlenmeyer flasks each
containing 50 ml of Luria Broth containing 10g tryptone,
5g yeast extract and 5g NaCl per litre. Cultures were
grown in the flasks at 27°C for 40hrs on a rotary shaker.

PRODUCTION OF CELL SUSPENSION: Cultures were centrifuged at 5000 x g for 10 mins. The supernatants were discarded and the cell pellets washed once and resuspended in an equal volume of phosphate buffered saline (8g NaCl, 1.44g Na2HPO4 and 0.24g of KH2PO4 per litre) at pH 7.4.

ACTIVITY OF CELL SUSPENSION TO INSECTS: The bioassays were as follows: P. brassicae: The larvae were allowed to feed on an artificial agar-based diet (as described by David and Gardiner (1965) London Nature, 207, 882-883) into which a series of dilutions of cell suspension had been incorporated. The bioassays were performed using a series of 5 doses with a minimum of 25 larvae per dose. Untreated and heat-treated (55°C for 10 minutes) cells were tested. Mortality was recorded after 2 and 4 days with the temperature maintained at 25°C.

LC50 cells/q diet

		, _		
	Treatment	2 days	4 days	
	Untreated	5.9 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	$9.8 \times 10^4$	
15	Treated 55°C	$7.1 \times 10^{5}$	$1.4 \times 10^{5}$	

Aedes aegypti: The larva were exposed to a series of 5 different dilutions of cell suspension in deionised water. The biosassays were performed using 2 doses per dilution of 50 ml cell suspension in 9.5cm plastic cups with 25 second instar larvae per dose. Untreated and heat-treated (55°C or 80°C for 10 minutes) cells were tested. Mortality was recorded after 2 days with the temperature maintained at 25°C.

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	LC50 cells/ml		
Treatment	2 days		
Untreated	5.1 x 10 <sup>6</sup>		
Treated 55°C	7.4 x 10 <sup>6</sup>		
Treated 80°C	> 10 <sup>8</sup>		

Culex guinquefaciatus: The larvae were exposed to a single concentration cell suspension containing 4 x10<sup>7</sup> cells/ml. The biosassays were performed using 2 50 ml cell suspensions in 9.5 cm plastic cups with 25 second instar larvae per cup. Untreated and heat-treated (55°C or 80°C for 10 minutes) cells were tested. Mortality was

recorded after 2 days with the temperature maintained at 25°C.

		% Mortality
5	Treatment	2 days
	Untreated	100
	Treated 55°C	100
	Treated 80°C	0

10 Thus these results clearly show that cells from X.

nematophilus are effective as an oral insecticide against
a number of insect species (and are particularly potent
against P.brassicae). The insecticidal activity is not
dependent on cell viability (i.e is largely unaffected by
15 heating to 55°C which reduces cell viability by >99.99%)
but is much reduced by heating to 80°C, which denatures
most proteins.

Example 2 - Use of X.nematophilus supernatant as an oral insecticide

CELL GROWTH: Cultures were grown as in Example 1.

PRODUCTION OF SUPERNATANT: Cultures were centrifuged twice at 10000g for 10 mins. The cell pellets were discarded.

ACTIVITY OF SUPERNATANT TO INSECTS: The Bioassay was as follows:

30 Activity against neonate P. brassicae and two day old Pieris rapae and Plutella xylostella larvae was measured as for P. brassicae in Example 1, but using a series of untreated dilutions of supernatant in place of of cell supensions and with mortality being recorded after 4 days only.

Insect species 4 days
P. brassicae 22
P. rapae 79
P. xylostella 135

In addition, size-reducing activity (62% reduction in 7 days) against Mamestra brassicae was detected in larvae fed on an artificial diet containing X. nematophilus supernatant (results not shown).

Thus these results clearly show that the supernatant from X. nematophilus culture medium is effective as an oral insecticide against a number of insect species, and are particularly potent against P. brassicae.

The heating of supernatants to 55°C for 10 minutes caused a partial loss of activity while 80°C caused complete loss of activity. Activity was also completely lost by treatment with SDS (0.1%w/v for 60 mins) and Acetone (50% v/v for 60 mins) but was unaffected by Triton X-100 (0.1% 60 mins), non-diet P40 (0.1% 60 mins), NaCl (1 M for 60 mins) or cold storage at 4°C or -20°C for 2 weeks. All of these properties are consistent with a proteinaceous agent.

The general mode of action of X. nematophilus cells and supernatants i.e. reduction in larval size and death

within 2 days at high dosages, and other properties, eg. temperature resistence, appear to be similar suggesting a single agent or type of agent may be responsible for the oral insecticide activity activities of both cells and supernatants.

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Example 3 - Timescale for appearance of ingestable insecticidal activity

CELL GROWTH: 1ml of an overnight culture of X.

nematophilus was used to inoculate an Erlenmeyer flask.

Cells were then cultured as in Example 1. Growth was estimated by measuring the optical density at 600 nm.

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PRODUCTION OF CELL SUSPENSION AND SUPERNATANTS: These were produced as in Examples 1 and 2.

ACTIVITY OF CELLS AND SUPERNATANTS AGAINST P. BRASSICAE:

10 The cell suspension bioassay was carried out as in Example 1, but using a single dose of suspended cells equivalent to 50  $\mu$ l of broth/g diet and measuring mortality after 2 days. The cell supernatant bioassay was carried out as in Example 2, but using a single dose equivalent to 50  $\mu$ l supernatant/g diet (i.e. more than twice the LC50) and measuring mortality after 2 days.

The results are shown in Fig. 1. Thus these results clearly show that cells taken from X. nematophilus culture medium are highly effective as an oral insecticide against P. brassicae after only 5 hours, and supernatants are highly effective after 20 hours. Although some slight cell lysis was observed in the early stages of growth, no significant cell lysis was observed after this point demonstrating that the supernatant activity may be due to an authentic extracellular agent (as opposed to one released only after cell breakdown).

Example 4 - Synergy between X. nematophilus cells and B.thuringiensis powder preparations

CELL GROWTH AND SUSPENSION: X. nematophilus cells were grown and suspended as in Example 1. B. thuringiensis strain HD1 (from Bacillus Genetic Stock Centre, The Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio 43210, USA) was cultured, harvested and formulated into a powder as described by Dulmage et al.(1970) J. Invertebrate Pathology 15, 15-20.

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ACTIVITY OF X. NEMATOPHILUS CELLS AND B. THURINGIENSIS

POWDER AGAINST P. BRASSICAE: The bioassays was carried

out using X. nematophilus and B. thuringiensis in

5 combination or using B. thuringiensis cell powder alone.

Bioassays were carried out as in Example 1 but with

various dilutions of B. thuringiensis powder in place of

X. nematophilus. For the combination experiment, a

constant dose of X. nematophilus cell suspension

10 sufficient to give 25% mortaility was also added to the

diet. Mortality was recorded after 2 days.

		LC50 ( $\mu$ g Bt powder/g diet)
	Bioassay	2 days
15	B.t. alone	1.7
	B.t. plus X.nematophilus	0.09

These results clearly demonstrate the synergism between X. nematophilus cells and B. thuringiensis powder when acting as an oral insecticide against P. brassicae.

Example 5 - Synergy between of X.nematophilus supernatants and B. thuringiensis powder

- 25 CELL GROWTH AND PRODUCTION OF SUPERNATANTS: X.

  nematophilus cells were grown and supernatants prepared
  as in Example 2. B. thuringiensis was grown and treated
  as in Example 4.
- ACTIVITY OF X. NEMATOPHILUS SUPERNATANTS AND Bt CELL
  POWDER AGAINST P. BRASSICAE:
  The bioassays were carried out using X. nematophilus
  supernatants and B. thuringiensis in combination or using
  B. thuringiensis powder alone. The Bioassay against
  neonate P. brassicae and two day old Pieris rapae and
  Plutella xylostella larvae were measured as in Example 2
  but with various dilutions of B. thuringiensis in place
  of X. nematophilus. For the combination experiment, a

constant dose of X. nematophilus supernatant sufficient to give 25% mortality was also added to the diet. Mortality was recorded after 4 days.

 $LC_{50}$  ( $\mu g$  Bt powder/g)

diet

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Insect species	Bt alone	Bt plus Xn	
P. brassicae	1.4	0.12	
P. rapae	2.5	0.26	
P. xylostella	7.2	0.63	

These results clearly demonstrate the synergism between X.nematophilus supernatants and B.thuringiensis powder when acting as an oral insecticide against several insect 15 species. The fact that both X. nematophilus cells and supernatants demonstrate this synergism strongly suggests that a single agent or type of agent is responsible for the demonstrated activities.

Example 5 - Characterisation of insecticidal agent from 20 X.nematophilus supernatant by proteolysis

CELL GROWTH AND PRODUCTION OF SUPERNATANTS: nematophilus cells were grown and supernatants prepared as in Example 2.

PROTEOLYSIS OF SUPERNATANT: Culture supernatant (50ml) was dialysed against 0.5 M NaCl (3 x 1 l) for 48 hours at 4°C. The volume of the supernatant in the dialysis tube was reduced five-fold by covering with polyethylene glycol 8000 (Sigma chemicals). Samples were removed and treated with either trypsin (Sigma T8253 = 10,000 units/mg) or proteinase K (Sigma P0390 = 10 units/mg) at a concentration of 0.1 mg protease/ml sample for 2 hours at 30°C.

ACTIVITY OF PROTEASE TREATED SUPERNATANT AGAINST P. BRASSICAE: The boassay against neonate P. brassicae

larvae was carried out by spreading 25 µl of each 'treatment' on the artificial agar-based diet referred to in Example 1 in a 4.5 cm diameter plastic pot. Four pots each containing 10 larvae were used for each treatment.

5 Mortalities were recorded after 1 and 2 days. Controls using water only, trypsin (0.1 mg/ml) and proteinase K (0.1 mg/ml) were also tested in the same way.

	·	% Mortality		
10	Treatment	1 day	2 d	ays
	Untreated supernatant	60	1	00
	Proteinase K treated supernatant	45	1	00
	Trypsin treated supernatant	40	1	00
	All controls (no supernatant)	0		0

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Example 6
Entomocidal activity of other Xenorhabdus

Using the methodology of Examples 1 and 2, four different xenorhabdus strains were tested against insect pests.

The results obtained were as follows:

I) Activity to Pieris brassicae

Strain deposit	Cells 10 <sup>6</sup> /grm diet	Supernatant LC50	
no/code	% mortality	$\mu$ l/gram of diet	
NCIMB 40887	100	0.09	
0014	100	0.52	
0015	80	3.73	
NCIMB 40886	100	0.05	

25 It was found that entomocidal activity of cells and supernatant was reduced by more than 99% when all four strains were heated at 80°C for 10 minutes.

II) Activity to mosquitoes (Aedes aegypti)
Bacteria added at the rate of 10<sup>7</sup>cells/ml of water

Strain deposit	Cells 10 <sup>6</sup> /grm diet
no/code	% mortality
NCIMB 40887	0
0014	40
0015	45
NCIMB 40886	95

5 Furthermore, all strains significantly reduced the growth of Heliothis virescens.

### Example 7

Cloning of toxin genes from strains of Xenorhabdus Total cellular DNA was isolated from NCIMB 40887 and ATCC 10 19061 using a Quiagen genomic purification DNA kit. Cells were grown in L borth (10g tryptone, 5g yeast extract and 5g NaCl per 1) at 28°C with shaking (150rpm) to an optical density of 1.5 A<sub>600</sub>. Cultures were harvested by centrifugation at 4000xg and resuspended in 15 3.5mls of buffer B1 (50mM Tris/HCl, 0.05% Tween 20, 0.5% Triton X-100, pH7.0) and incubated for 30 mins at 50°C. DNA was isolated from bacterial lysates using Quiagen 100/G tips as per manufacturers instructions. resulting purified DNA was stored at -20°C in TE buffer 20 (10mM Tris, 1mM EDTA, pH 8.0).

A representative DNA library was produced using total DNA of NCIMB 40887 and ATTC 19061 partially digested with the restriction enzyme Sau3a. Approximately 20µg of DNA from each strain was incubated at 37°C with 0.25 units of the enzyme. At time intervals of 10, 20, 30, 45 and 60 minutes, samples were withdrawn and heated at 65°C for 15 minutes. To visualise the size of the DNA fragments, the samples were electrophoresed on 0.5% w/v agarose gels.

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The DNA samples which contained the highest proportion of 30 to 50kb fragments were combined and treated with 4 units of shrimp alkaline phosphatase (Boehringer) for 15 minutes at 37°C, followed by heat treatment at 65°C to inactivate the phosphatase.

The size selected DNA fragments were ligated into the BamH1 site of the cosmid vector SuperCos! (Stratagent) and packaged into the Escherichia coli strain XL Blue 1, using a Gigapack II packaging kit (Stratgene) in accordance with the manufacturers instructions.

To select for cosmid clones with entomocidal activity, individual colonies selected on L agar plates containing 25µg/ml ampicillin, were grown in L broth (containing 25µg/ml ampicillin) overnight at 28°C. Broth cultures (50µl) were individually spread onto the surface of insect diet contained in 4.5cm diameter pots, as described in Example 5. To each container 10 neonate P. brassicae larvae were added. Larvae were examined after 24, 72 and 96 hours recording mortality and size of surviving larvae. A total of 220 clones of NCIMB 40887 were tested, of which two were found to cause reduction in larval growth and death within 72 hours. Of 370 clones from ATTC 19061, one was found to cause larval death within 72 hours.

### Example 8

Activity of cloned toxin genes to Pieris brassicae

The three active clones from Example 7 were grown in L
broth, containing 25µg/ml ampicillin, for 24 hours at
28°C, on a rotary shaker at 150rpm. The activity of the
toxin clones to neonate larvae were performed by
incorporation of whole broth cultures into insect diet,
as described in Example 1.

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Clone No	<u>Strain</u>	LC50 (ul broth/g insect diet)
1	NCIMB 40887	13.03
2	NCIMB 40887	16.7
3	ATTC 19061	108.7
Control*		No effect at 100µl/g

\*XL1 Blue E. coli broth

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When E. coli toxin clones were heated at 80°C for 10 minutes and added to the diet at a rate of 100µl/g, no activity to larvae was detected. Highlighting the heat sensitivity of the toxins.

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## Example 9 Sequencing of the cloned toxin from NCIMB 40887

Cosmid DNA of the entomocidal clone 1 above from NCIMB 40887 was purified using the Wizard Plus SV DNA system (Promega) in accordance with the manufacturers A partial map of the cloned fragment was instructions. obtained using a range of restriction enzymes EcoR1, BamHl, HindIII, Sall and Sacl as shown in Figure 3. DNA sequencing was intiatiated from pUC18 and pUC19 based sub-clones of the cosmid, using the enzymes EcoRl, BamHl, HindIII, EcoRV and PvuII. Sequence gaps were filled using a primer walking approach on purified cosmid DNA. Sequence reactions were performed using the ABI PRISM™ Dye Terminator Cycle Sequencing Ready Reaction Kit with AmmpliTag DNA polymerase FS according to the manufacturers instructions. The samples were analysed on an ABI automated sequencer according to the manufacturers The major part of the DNA sequence for the instructions. cloned toxin fragment is shown in Figure 2.

### Example 10

Cosmid DNA of the entomocidal clone 3 above was purified as described in Example 9. A restriction map of the cloned fragment was obtained using the restriction enzymes BamH1, HindIII, Sal1 and Sac1 and this is shown in Figure 3. When compared with the map from clone 1 (Figure 3) it is clear that over the regions which overlap, the restriction maps are very similar. The only detectable difference between the two clones was a reduction in size of two HindIII fragments in clone 3, corresponding to the 11.4kb and 7.2kb HindIII fragments in clone 1 by approximately 2Kb and 200bp respectively.

These results indicate the overall relatedness of the DNA region coding for toxicity in the two bacterial strains.

### Example 11

## Southern Blot Hybridisation Experiments

A 10.3kb BamH1-Sall fragment of the DNA from clone 1 was used as a probe to hybidise to total HindIII digested DNA of the Xenorhabdus strains ATCC 19061, NCIMB 40886 and NCIMB 40887. Hybridisation was performed with 20ng/ml of DIG labelled DNA probe at 65°C for 18 hours. were washed prior to immunological detection twice for 5 minutes with 2 x SSC (0.3M NaCl, 30mM sodium citrate, pH 7.0)/0.1% (w/v) sodium dodecyl sulphate at room temperature, and twice for 15 minutes with 0.1 x SSC (15mM NaClm 1.5 mM sodium citrate, pH 7.0) plus 0.1% sodium dodecyl sulphate at 65°C. The probe was labelled and experiments performed in accordance with manufacturers instructions, using a non-radioactive DIG DNA labelling and detection kit (Boehringer). hybridised to a HindIII fragment of approximately 8kb in all three strains as well as an 11.4kb fragment in NCIMB 35 40887 and an approximate 9kb fragment in both NCIMB 40886 and ATCC 19061. These results show that strains NCIMB

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40886 and ATCC 19061 contain DNA with close homology to the toxin gene of clone 1 above, confirming the similarity between the toxins produced by the three strains.

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#### CLAIMS

- An insecticidal composition adapted for oral
   administration to an insect comprising a pesticidal
  material obtainable from a Xenorhabdus species, or a
  pesticidal fragment thereof, or a pesticidal variant or
  derivative of either of these.
- 10 2. A composition according to claim 1 wherein the said pesticidal material comprises material encoded by the nucleotide sequence of Figure 2 or variant or fragment thereof, or a sequence which hybridises with said sequence.
  - 3. A composition according to claim 1 or claim 2 which comprises cells of Xenorhabdus.
- A composition as claimed in any one of the
   preceding claims which comprises supernatant taken from cultures of cells of Xenorhabdus species.
  - 5. A composition according to any one of the preceding claims wherein the Xenorhabdus species is Xenorhabdus nematophilus.
  - 6. A composition according to any one of claims 1 to 4 wherein the Xenorhabdus species is ATCC 19061, NCIMB 40886 or NCIMB 40887.
  - 7. A composition as claimed in any one of the preceding claims which comprises a further pesticidal material not obtainable from *Xenorhabdus*.
- 35 8. A composition according to claim 7 wherein the said further pesticidal material comprises a material obtainable from B. thuringiensis.

- 9. A composition according to claim 8 which further comprises cells of B. thuringiensis.
- 10. A composition according to claim 8 wherein the pesticidal materials obtainable from B. thuringiensis comprises the delta endotoxin.

- 11. A composition according to any one of the preceding claims which further comprises an agriculturally acceptable carrier.
- 12. A composition according to claim 10 wherein the carrier comprises items of insect diet.
- 13. A method for killing or controlling insect pests, which method comprises administering to a pest or the environment thereof a composition according to any one of the preceding claims.
- 20 14. A method as claimed in claim 12 wherein the pests are insects from the order Lepidoptera or Diptera.
  - 15. A microorganism comprising Xenorhabdus strain NCIMB 40886.
- 25
  16. A microorganism comprising Xenorhabdus strain NCIMB
  40887.
- 17. A pesticidal agent which comprises a a toxin
  30 comprising a protein which is encoded by DNA which
  includes SEQ ID No. 1 or a variant or fragment thereof.
- 18. An isolated pesticidal agent characterised in that it is obtainable from cultures of X. nematophilus or mutants thereof, has oral pesticidal activity against Pieris brassicae, Pieris rapae and Plutella xylostella, is substantially heat stable to 55°C, is proteinaceous, acts synergistically with B. thuringiensis cells as an

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oral pesticide, and is substantially resistant to proteolysis by trypsin and proteinase K.

- 19. An isolated pesticidal agent as claimed in claim 18 5 further characterised in that the pesticidal activity is substantially destroyed by treatment with sodium dodecyl sulphate or acetone or heating to 80°C.
- 20. An isolated pesticidal agent as claimed in claim 18 or claim 19 further characterised in that the agent is an extracellular protein.
  - A recombinant DNA which encodes a pesticidal agent according to any one of claims 17 to 20.
  - A recombinant DNA of claim 21 which comprises the 22. sequence of Figure 2 or a variant or fragment thereof.

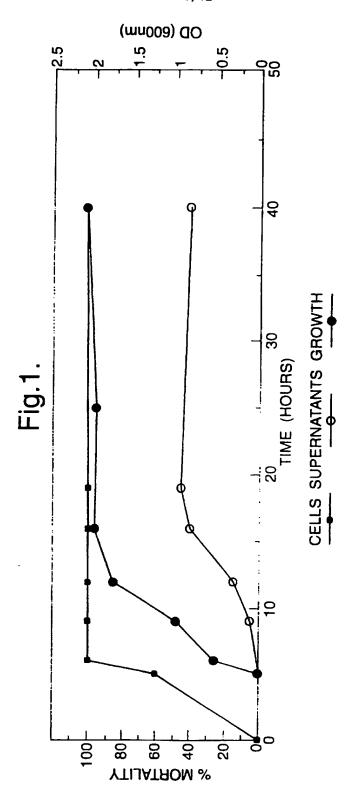
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- 23. A recombinant DNA which comprises or hybridises under stringent conditions with all or part of the sequence of Figure 2, and which encodes a pesticidal material.
- An expression vector comprising a recombinant DNA according to any one of claims 21 to 23. 25
  - A host organism which has been transformed with an expression vector according to claim 24.
- 26. A host organism as claimed in claim 25 which has been 30 engineered or selected such that it also expresses other pesticidal proteinaceous toxicity enhancing materials
- 27. A host organism comprising a nucleotide sequence coding for a fusion protein comprising a pesticidally active portion of an agent as claimed in any one of claims 17 to 20 in combination with other pesticidal proteinaceous toxicity enhancing materials.

28. A host organism as claimed in claim 27 wherein the pesticidal toxicity enhancing materials comprise delta-endotoxin from B. thuringiensis.

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- 29. A host organism as claimed in any one of claims 25 to 289 wherein the host is a plant.
- 30. A host organism as claimed in any one of claims 25 to 28 wherein the host is a virus pathogenic to insects.
  - 31. A fusion protein as expressed by a host as claimed in claim 27.
- 15 32. An pesticidal composition comprising one or more agents as claimed in any one of claims 17 to 20.



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## Fig.2.

1	TCCACAATTG	CCGGAGAAAA	TCAGTCGGGA	ACTGCCGGTG	ATTATTCGTC	ACTTATTAAA
61	CGAATTTGCC	: GACCAGAATA	. AGGCTAAAAA	ACTGCTACAG	GCGCAACGCG	ACTCGAACGA
121	AGCGTTAACG	GTAAAGAGTC	ATTCGGATCC	GCTGTATCGC	TTTTGTGGTT	ATCTGGTGTC
181	TGTCAATGAT	ATGACCGGAA	TGAAGATGGG	CAATAAAAAC	ATTAGCCCAC	GAGCACCGAG
241	ATTGTACTTG	TATCATGCCT	' ATCTCTCTTT	TATGGAAGCG	CACGGCTTTG	AACGTCCGTT
301	AACACTGACT	AAGTTTGGTG	AATCCATCCC	CAAGATTATG	CTGGAATACC	GGAAGGAGTA
361	TCGAAAAGTG	CGAACCAAGA	AAGGCTATTC	CTATAACGTG	GAATTATCGG	AAGAGGCCGA
421	AGAATGGCTA	CCGTCAGTGC	CTGAGTGTCG	AGACTTTAAA	TCACCTGTAT	AAAACTTTCA
481	GCTTTAAGTC	TGCACTCCAT	ACACAACTTA	AAATATCTAA	TIGTATITAA	ADGRADATAA
541	TAGATGTATA	GTTATTTTT	AACTATACAT	AAGCTCTACA	TGCTCTTCAT	TOTOTOTA
601	AATGGGTGAA	CAGGTGATAC	AGTCAGTGAA	TATCATATTA	ATTACCGTAA	PCCCPCPACA
661	AGCAAGGCTT	TCAGGGAATT	GTGCAGAGGG	TGCATAACTG	AGAGGGTGAA	V V V C V LALALALAC
721	AGGGGGGTT	ATGGCAGGTA	AACAAAATCA	GAAGCAAATA	CCGTGCACAA	WANGWIIIIC
781	איט באבובובונע	ACTACCTCAA	משתמממדנה	TCTAATCATC	TGATITIATT	TRACRAMACA
841	אמידים אידרים ר	בעדיינים ליידיים ליידיים ליידיים	אדונים מיצונים	השתרארארית	GTATAGATAA	IMAGMAIAGA
	TATEMETER	TTCNTTNCCC	ATTCATCACC	VIICHCHCIO	CAGGAGACAA	ATAATTUIGT
901	TATALCCIGI	TTCATIACGC	ATTUATUAGG	AGIGCIGIIA	CAGGAGACAA	GAATGTCACA
961	CAICAIIIAC	TIGICGIIAA	AGGGCAAGAA	GCAGGGTTA	ATTTCAGCGG	GTIGTICAAC
1021	GCCTGAATCA	ATTGGAAATC	GCTATCAAAA	AGGACGTGAA	GATCAAATAC	AGGTATTGAG
1081	CCTGAATCAT	TCGATGAGCC	GIGACCAGAA	TGTTAATCAT	CAACCCGTCA	GTTTTGTGAA
1141	ACCCATIGAT	AAATUCTUTC	CCCIGITIGC	TGGATGCCAG	TITIGTGCAT	TACAGGACAA
1201	GCCAGATGGG	ACAACTGGAG	TTCTTTTATG	AAATCAAGCT	GACCAGTGCC	ACGATTGTGG
1261	ATATTTCCTA	TAATTATCCG	GCATTCAATC	AATGATAATG	GTGCGATACC	CCATGAAGTG
1321	GTGATGCTCG	ATTATAAGTC	CATTTCATGC	AACCACATCG	CCGCAGGACT	TCGGGCTACA
1381	GCATACGCAA	TTAGCCGGAA	GTGAAGAAGC	AAGCCGCTTT	TATCTGGGGT	CTCGAATGTT
1441	AAGCCACTTA	AGAAGCCGCT	GGTTGAAGAA	ACCCCGGTAA	AACCCGCTAA	ACATCATGCC
1501	CGTTATCGTT	<b>GTGTGGATGA</b>	TGACGGCAAT	CTTTTAACCG	AACGCAAGTA	TCGGGTTTGC
1561	CTGCCGGATG	GTCAGATAAA	<b>AGAAGGAA</b> AG	ACTGATAAAC	AAGGTTACAC	CCAATGGCAT
1621	CTTACGGATG	ACAAAAATAA	ACTTGAATTT	CATATTTTAA	AGGATTAATA	CCATGCCAGC
1681	CTATACCGTT	CAGACAAAAA	TAGAATCCAA	CGTACCTGTT	GAAAACCTGC	TTTACGACTT
1741					TTGCTTGATG	
1801	GAAACTACAG	AGTAATTATG	AAACACAACA	GCATATCACG	CAGGAAATAG	ACCACCATCT
1861	TTCTGTGATT	TATATTATGC	AAATTATGCT	TCACCGCAAA	CATGGCTCAA	ATATATTTCC
1921	GGCACTGCAA	ACCCATTITA	AGAAAATGT	TACCOTTCCCT	GAATTAACTT	CCCCTAAACC
1981	CTGTTCGGAG	DDDDDDCCCC	AAAATGCCTC	7110001001	AGTACAGTTG	ANACHARACC
2041					ATTCCTGAAC	
2101					GAAAAAAGTA	
2161	ATTA PETRACAC	CACACCTTAT	CONTRACTOR	COVICCVIII	CAAAATGGAG	AAATIGAATC
2221	MINAMIACAG	DACAGGIIAI	COMMMONA	TIMICCOCKI	GATTATCTCT	CAAGTTTATG
	1 CAGGGGGGG	AGCACACIAI	111AGC1GCG		GATTATUTUT	TAATGTTCAG
2281	TTTTAATAGT	GITTIAICG	AGIGAAAIII	MAICOLALAG	GCAATTCTTT	AGACTITTAT
2341	AGAAAACTAA	AGAATTAAAG	AACAAGATIG	ACATTITAAG	TTCAAATATT	AATCAAAGTA
2401	TGCTCGCGCC	CIGAGIIIAT	GTGGCCCTGC	CGCTTTTTT	TATTGCCTGC	CAATAGATAG
2461	ACCAGATATT	TATGAGCAAG	CGGCACGAGA	ATTATGGCAA	TATGGCCGAA	CTAAAATTGG
2521	TCAACTGGAA	ATTAAGCCGG	GTGAGGGTTG	CCGACATCCT	AAAGGTACTT	TITATAATCA
2581	ATATGGTGAA	AGAATATCTG	GGTTAGATTG	GCTGACATTG	GCAAGCCTAA	GAGATTCAGA
2641	AAATATGATG	ATGAGGTTGA	TGATGAAGTA	GCTGGTATTA	CAATGTGGGG .	AAAATTGACA
2701	GAATGGTTTG	AAAAATCAGG	GTATGAAAAA	GTATTTAGTA	ATGTCGGCTT .	ATCCCATTCT
2761	AATATAAATG	ACATAGTAAC	TCTTAGTGAT	TACTATAACA	AAGGATATCA	TGTTGTTACT
2821	TTGATTTCAG	CAGGAATGTT	ATCAGATITT	GGTGACATAG	AAACATCAGG	AAAAAATCAT
2881	TGGATAGTTT	GGGAAGGAGT	AGTAGAAAAC	TATGAGAAAG	AAAATATCAC	AAATAATTCA
2941	GATCTGAATC	AATATGTAAA	TTTAAATCTG	TTTTCATGGG	GTAAAGTGGA	ACATCAAATT
3001	AAAAAAAACA	AATCACTAGA	TTATGTACTC	AACCATATTT	TTTGAGGGTT	GGTTTTTAAA
3061	CCAATGAAAT	AACATGAAAA	TAATTATAAA	TATTTTTATT	TTTTTACTTT	ATGGTTGTGG
3121	TAATCCAACC	CCAAAAGTTT	TACCAAAATC	AGAGTTTCTT	CCTGATGCAG	מבשהממשמש
3181	ACCATATCAG	GCATCAATTA	CCATCACAGG	AGGTGCATTC	AATGAAAAAA (	- AWTWWIGH
3241	AAALITTCAT	CCTACTICCCT	CAGGACTEEC	ATCCADTCCA	AAAGATAGTT	CONTINUE DE LA CONTIN
3301	GGGTGGAAAA	DADGADATAL	GAAAAGATTA	ייי בידביראים	ANTIGATAGII (	CTITCCIVIA
3361	GAAGACAGAA	THENTHUMBER	CANADAM IN	PCCSALLEVOR OF	WATERIANCHO (	JACCCCAAA
3421	GAAAGAGTTC	TANTANANA TANTANANA	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	ACTARCCCS &	TANDOUTHLAA!	IGTACGCACG
3421	GTGATTTAAT	WCTWTWWTT	WINCINIUM	サスセン CTC CTC A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	TAATIGICAC	TATCAGAATG
340T	GIGE TIMAT	ICOCCMIIII	THINCITIES	IMINUICICICI	CAACATAATC A	AGGATTCTTT

	•					
3541	CTTATTATTT	TTCATGGTGC	TAAAAACGTT	TATTGCAAAA	ATAAATTAAG	TTAATCAGAT
3601	AAATTATCTG	CATTACTGTT	ATAATCGATA	ACACGATAAC	CIGACITICI	GCCTGTTCTT
3661	ATGAACTCGA	AGATAATCCT	TTCTGAGCCT	GAACGAATCA	CATTGCAACC	ACTCGCTTTG
3721	AATCACCCAC	ACCGGGACAT	TCGTACGCGA	GGAACGGGTT	TACTCATGCT	TGCCAGAGGG
3781	AGCAAGCCGT	CCCAGATCAC	CGCTGAAATC	GGATGCAGTC	TCCGGGTTAT	CIGTAATIGG
3841	GTTCACATGT	GGCACAGATA	GCGGGATTAT	TCGGCGGTCA	TGCCGGAGGC	CGGTATCTCG
3901	CCATGACGCC	TGACATGATT	GCCACTGCGC	TCGAAGCCGC	CAGCGCAGAG	TCCCTGACGT
3961	GCGTCGAAGC	CAGGCAGGGT	TICCCIGCCT	TGTACGCTTG	AAACGCTGGC	GAATACCCTG
4021	DOCUMENTA A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	GGCTCCCCTA	TAAACGCCCC	CGCCTGTCGC	TTAAAAAAAG	CGCAATAAAA
4081					GGCCGGAGCA	
4141 4201					TACACGGATA ATTGATTTTT	
4261					ATAATGCGCG	
4321					ACAACCTGTT	
4381					TCTGGAAACA	
4441					AATATGAGGT	
4501					GAGTACTTAG	
4561					CTGAAAATIT	
4621					GATATIGTIT	
4681					GAATTATAAT	
4741					GGTTGATTTT	
4801					CTTACTTTTA	
4861					TGCCGTTGGC	
4921					TTCATTTTTT	
4981					TTAACCAGTA	
5041	TTCAACCGTA	ACTTAGCTTC	<b>ATCGACTTIT</b>	GGCCTCGCCT	GGTCAGAATC	TAGGGCCGTT
5101					ATAAGCTGAA	
5161	TGTGCTCAAT	CTTGGATTCA	AGTATGTATT	CCTTTTGGTA	CCCTGCTTTA	TTTTAAGGCA
5221	GATGAAGAGG	ATGCCAACAT	GACACAATAT	CGATTACGAC	TGTAACATTA	AAGTCAGTTA
5281	TAAATTTTAT	GATTAAAATG	AAATTTTAGT	AGAAAATCGT	ATTCTATTCC	GCCATTTACA
5341	ATAGCATCCT	CTTTAATATC	ATTAATCTCA	GATAAAACAA	ATAATTACAA	TGTGAATAGA
5401					TCTTAACTGA	
5461					TTACTCAATA	
5521					TATTTATCCT	
5581					CGCCATCTCT	
5641					ATTTTTACCC	
5701					AGCGTTTCAC	
5761					GGTTCAGTGG	
5821					AAGGACTTAC	
5881					GATCTGACTC	
5941					GAACTGTTGC	
6001					GCCTGTCAAC	
6061					GTCAGGTCAT	
6121					TGGGGCAGGC	
6181					ATAACATTTT TCAGTGAAAA	
6241					GTCTTGAACT	
6301					GCACCTCTGC	
6361	CAMMANIACC	10000NIGIT	CCTC3 ATS AT	CANACTANAC	TCGAAGCTTA	TIMIGIGGMI
6421					TIGATCIGAT	
6481 6541					GAGAATTTGG	
6601					CCGGTCCCCT	
6661					ATGAATACAG	
6721					CAAATCAGGG	
6781					AACTGAATAA	
6841					CTATCGTACG	
6901					TCTATACTCT	
6961					ACGGATCGGT	
7021					TTTAATACCC	
7021					GATCCGGATG	
7141					AACAGTGGTG	
7201					CTCACACTTT	
7261					CATCAGCTGA	
7321					ACAACGGCTT	

Fig.2.

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CGGGGAGTTG TCACGGCTGG TTATCTGGTT GTATCAGGTG ACGCAGTGGC TGACTGAGGG CGGAAATCAC CACTGAAGCG ATCTGGTTAT TATGTACGCC AGAGTTCAGC GGGAATATTT CACCGGAAAT CAGTAATCTG CTTAATACTC TCCGACCCCG TATTAGTGAA GACATGGCAC AAAGTAGTGA CCGGGAGCTT CAGGCTGAAA TTCTCGCGCC GTTTATTGCT GCAACGCTGC 7621 ATCTGGCGTC ACCAGATATG GCGCGGTATA TCCTGTTGTG GACTGATAAC CTGCGGCCGG 7681 GCGGCCTGAA TATCGCCGGA TTTATGATGC TGGTGCTGAA AGAGACGCTG AGTGATGAGG 7741 AAACGACCCA ACTGGTTCAA TTCTGCCATG TAATGGCACA GTTATCGCTT TCCGTGCAGA 7801 CACTGCGTCT CAGTGAAGCA GAGCTTTCTG TGCTGGTCAT TTCCGATTTT GTGGTACTGG
7861 GTGCGAGAAG CCAACCGCCG GACAACACAA TATTGATACT CTGTTCTCAC TCTACCGATT
7921 CCACCAGTGG ATTAATGGGC TGGGAAATCC CGGCTCTGAC ACGCTGGATA TGCTGCGCCA
7981 AGCAGACACT CACGGGCGAC AGACTGGGCC TCCGTGATGG GGCTGGACAT CAGTATGGTA
8041 ACGCAGGCCA TGGGTTCCCG CCGGCGTGAA CCAACTTCAG TGTTGGCAGG ATATCAACCC
8101 CGTGTTGAG TGGATACATG TGGCATCAGC ACTGCTCACT GATGCCGTCG GTTATCCGTA
8161 CGCTGGTGAA TATCCGTTAC GTGACTGCAT TAGACCAAAGC CGAGTCGAAT CTGCCTGCCT
8221 GGGATAAGTG GCAGACGCTE CCAGAAAATA TAGACAAAGC CGAGTCGAAT CTGCCTGCCT B221 GGGATAAGTG GCAGACGCTG GCAGAAAATA TGGCAGCCGG ACTGAGTACA CAACAGGCTC
B281 AGACGCTGGC GGATTATACC GCAGAGCGCC TGAGTAACGT GTTGTGCAAT TGGTTTCTGG
B341 CGAATATCCA GCCAGAAGGG GTGTCCCTGC ACAGCCGGGA TGACCTGTAC AGCTATTTCC
B401 TGATTGATAA TCAGGTCTCT TCTGCCATAA AAACCACCCG ACTGGCAGAG GCCATTGCCG 8461 GTATTCAGCT CTACATCAAC CGGGCGCTGA ACCGGATAGA GCCTAATGCC CGTGCCGATG 8521 TGTCAACCCG CCAGTTTTTT ACCGACTGGA CGGTGAATAA CCGTTACAGC ACCTGGGGCG 8581 GGGTGTCGCG GCTGGTTTAT TATCCGGAAA ATTACATTGA CCCGACCCAG CGTATCGGGC AGACCCGGAT GATGGATGAA CTGCTGGAAG ATATCAGCCA GAGTCAGCTC AGCCGGGACA CGGTGGAAGA GGCCTTTAAA ACTTACCTGA CCGCTTTGAA ACCGTGGCAG ACCTGAAAGT 8701 8761 TGTCAGCGCT ATCACCGACA ACGTCAACAG CAACACCGGA CTGACCTGGT TTGTCGGCCA 8821 AACGCGGGAG AACCTGCCGG AATATTACTG GCGTAACGTG CATATATCAC GGATGCAGGC 8881 GGGTGAACTG GCCGCCGATG CCTGGAAAGA TTGGACGAAG ATTGATACAG CGGTCAACCC 8941 ATACAAGGAT GCAATACGTC CGGTCATATT CAGGGAACGT TTGCACCTTA TCGTGGGTAG 9001 AAAAAGAGA AGTGGCGAAA AATGGTACTG ATCCGGTGGA AACCTATGAC CGTTTTACTC 9061 TGAAACTGGC GTTTCTGCGT CATGATGGCA GTTGGAGTGC CCCCTGGTCT TACGATATCA 9121 CAACGCAGGT GGAGGCGGTC ACTGACAAAA AACCTGACAC TGAACGCTG GCGCTGGCCG
9181 CATCAGGCTT TCAGGGCGAG GATACTCTGC TGGTGTTTGT GTACAAAACC GGGGTGAGTT
9241 ACCCGGATTT TGGCGACAAC AATAAAAATG TGGCAGGCAT GACCATTTAC GGCGATGGCT 9301 CCTTCAAAAA GATGGAGAAC ACAGCACTCA GCGTTACAGC CAACTGAAAA ATACCTTTGA 9361 TATCATCAT ACTCAAGGCA ACGACTTGGT AAGAAAGGCC AGCTATCGTT TCGCGCAGGA
9421 TTTTGAAGTG CCTGCCTCGT TGAATATGGG TTCTGCCATC GGTGATGATA GTCTGACGGT
9481 GATGGAAAAC GGGAATATTC CGCAGATAAC CAGTAAATAC TCCAGCGATA ACCTTGCTAT 9541 TACGCTACAT AACGCCGCTT TCACTGTCAG ATATGATGGC AGTGGCAATG TCATCAGAAA 9601 CAAACAAATC AGCGCCATGA AACTGACGGG GTTGGATGAA AGTCCCAGTA CGGCAATGCA 9661 TTTATCATCG CAAATACCGT TAAACATTAT GGCGGTTACT CTGATCTGGG GGGCCCGATC
9721 ACCGTTTTTA TTAAAACGGA AAAACTATAT TGCATCAGTT CAAGGCCACT TGATGAACGC
9781 AGATTACACT AGGCGTTTGA TTCTAACACC AGTTGAAAAT AATTATTATG CCAGATTGTT 9841 CGAGTITICCA TITTCTCCAA ACACAATTIT AAACACCGTT TICACGGTIG GTAGCAATAA 9901 AACCAGTGAT TTTAAAAAGT GCAGTTATGC TGTTGATGGT AATAATTCTC AGGGCTTCCA
9961 GATATTTAGT TCCTATCAAT CATCCGGCTG GCTGGATATT GACACAGGTA TTAACAATAC
10021 TGATGTCAAA ATTACGGTGG TAGCTGGCAG TAAAACCCAC ACCTTTACGG CCAGTGACCA 10021 10081 TATTGCTTCC TTGCCGGCAA ACAGTTTTGA TGCTATGCCG TACACCTTTA AGCCACTGGA 10141 AATCGATGCT TCATCGTTGG CCTTTACCAA TAATATTGCT CCTCTGGATA TCGTTTTTGA 10201 GACCAAAGCC AAAGACGGGC GAGTGCTGGG TAAGATCAAG CAAACATTAT CGGTGAAACG
10261 GGTAAATTAT AATCCGGAAG ATATTCTGTT TCTGCGTGAA ACTCATTCGG GTGCCCAATA
10321 TATGCAGCTC GGGGTGTATC GTATTCGTCT TAATACCCTG CTGGCTTCTC AACTGGTATC 10381 CAGAGCAAAC ACGGGCATTG ATACTATCCT GACAATGGAA ACCCAGCGGT TACCGGAACC 10441 TCCGTTGGGA GAAGGCTTCT TTGCCAACTT TGTTCTGCCT AAATATGACC CTGCTGAACA
10501 TGGCGATGAG CGGTGGTTTA AAATCCATAT CGGGAATGTT GGCGGTAACA CGGGAAGGCA
10561 GCCTTATTAC AGCGGAATGT TATCCGATAC GTCGGAAACC AGTATGACAC TGTTTGTCCC 10621 TTATGCCGAA GGGTATTACA TGCATGAAGG TGTCAGATTG GGGGTTGGAT ACCAGAAAAT 10681 TACCTATGAC AACACTTGGG AATCTGCTTT CTTTTATTTT GATGAGACAA AACAGCAATT 10741 TGTATTAATT AACGATGCTG ATCATGATTC AGGAATGACG CAACAGGGGA TCGTGAAAAA
10801 TATCAAGAAA TACAAAGGAT TTTTGAATGT TTCTATCGCA ACGGGCTATT CCGCCCCGAT
10861 GGATTTCAAT AGTGCCAGCG CCCTCTATTA CTGGGAATGT TCTATTACAC CCCGATGATG 10921 TGCTTCCAGC GTTTGCTACA GGAAAAACAA TTCGACGAAG CCACACAATG GATAAACTAC 10981 GTCTATAATC CCGCCGGCTA TATCGTTAAC GGAGAAATCG CCCCCTGGAT CTGGAACTGC 11041 CGGCCGCTGG AAGAGACACT CCTGGAATGC CAATCCGTTG GATGCCATTG ATCCGGATGC
11101 CGTCGCACAA TATGACCCGA CACACTATAA AGTTGCCACC TTTATGCGCC TGTTGGATCA
11161 ACTTATTCTG CGCGGCGATA TGGCCTATCG CGAACTGACC CGCGATGCGT TGAATGAAGC

11221	CAAGATGTGG	TATGTGCGTG	CTTTGGAATT	GCTGGGTGAT	GAGCCGGAGG	ATTACGGCAG
11281	CCAACAGTGG	GCCGCACCGT	CTCTTTCCGT	GGCGGGCAAC	CACACTGTGC	AAGCGGGCTA
11341	TCAACAAGAC	CTTACGGCGC	TAGACAACGG	AGAAGGTTGC	ACTCAACCCC	GCAACGCTAA
11401		GTTTGGTCCT				
11461		CCTGGTTAAC				
11521	CCCCAATTAC	GCGAGCCTAC	CATCCCAAAC	WICCIICON'	CACCOCCAC	CACCOMMON
	ACCCCCCTAC	TOCACOCCIAC	COCCOCANAG	COCIGCICAC	CWGINIGGIN	CAGCCTICIC
11581	AGGGGGGTAG	TGCAGTGCTG	CCCGGCACAT	IGICGITATA	CCGCTTCCCG	GIGATGCIGG
11641	AGCGGGCCCG	CAATCTGGTA	GCGCAATTAA	CCCAGTTCGG	CACCTCTCTG	CTCAGTATGG
11701	CAGAGCATGA	TGATGCCGAT	GAACTCACCA	CGTTGCTACT	ACAGCAGGGT	ATGGAACTGG
11761	CGACACAGAG	CATCCGTATT	CAGCAACGAA	CTGTCGATGA	AGTGGATGCT	GATATIGCIG
11821	TATTGGCAGA	GAGCCGCCGC	AGTGCACAAA	ATCGTCTGGA	AAAATACCAG	CAGCTGTATG
11881	ACGAGGATAT	CAACCACGGA	GAACAGCGTG	CGATGTCACT	GTTTGATGCG	GCGGCAGGTC
11941	AGTCTCTGGC	CGGGCAGGCG	CTCTCAGTAG	CAGAAGGGGT	GGCTGACTTA	GTTCCAAACG
12001	TETTCETT	CGCTTGTGGC	GGCAGTYGTT	GGGGGGCAGC	VALCACIA CAL	TOCCOCTOCC
12061	TOTTCOCT	TTCTGCCACA	CCETCCCVV	ATTCCCCAGA	CARARTORCE	CONTROCCIOCO
	TONIGICOCI	CCGCCGTCAG	CACTICCCAAI	TTCACCCCCA	CNAMATICAGE	CGIICGGWG
12121	CCIACCGCCG	CCGCCGICAG	GAGIGGGAAA	11CAGCGIGA	TAATGCTGAC	GGTGAAGTCA
12181	AACAAATGGA	TGCCCAGCTG	GAAAGCCIGA	AAATACGCGG	CGAAGCAGCA	CAGATGCAGG
12241	TGGAATATCA	GGAGACCCAG	CAGGCCCATA	CTCAGGCTCA	GTTAGAGCTG	TTACAGCGTA
12301		CAAAGCGCTT				
12361		CCTGACCCAG				
12421	TGACCGACAA	CGGTGTTACC	TTTATCCGGG	GTGGGGCCTG	GAACGGTACG	ACTGCGGGTT
12481	TGATGGCGGG	TGAAACGTTG	CTGCTGAATC	TGGCAGAAAT	GGAAAAAGTC	TGGCTGGAGC
12541		GGCACTGGAA				
12601		CAACTTTAAT				
12661		AGCTTCCGGC				
12721		TGATTTGAAA				
12781		AGTGAGTGTC				
12841		TTACGGCGGC				
12901		GAATGACAGT				
12961	CGTTTGAAGG	TATTTCCGTG	AATGACAGCG	GTAGCCTGAC	GTTGAGTTTC	CCGGATGCGA
13021	CTGATCGACA	GAAAGCGCTG	CTGGAGAGCC	TGAGCGATAT	CATTCTGCAT	ATCCGCTATA
13081	CCATTCGTTC	TTAATTAAAA	CATTGTGATA	GGCAGGCTCC	TGAGGGAGCC	TGTTTAAGGA
13141	GTTTTTATGC	AGGGTTCAAC	ACCTTTGAAA	CTTGAAATAC	CGTCATTGCC	CTCTGGGGGC
13201		AAGGAATGGG				
13261		CTTGCCGATC				
		TGCTGGCAAT				
13321						
13381		TACCGCCAAG				
13441		AGTGTTGAGT				
13501		GTTGGGGACG				
13561		AAAAATCGTT				
13621	AGACGTCTTT	TIGGGTACII	TTTACTGCGG	ATGGTTTAGT	GCACCTATTC	GGTAAGCATC
13681	ATCATGCACG	TATTGCTGAC	CCGCAGGATG	AAACCAGAAT	TGCCCGCTGG	CTGATGGAGG
13741	AAACCGTCAC	GCATACCGGG	GAACATATTT	ACTATCACTA	TCGGGCAGAA	GACGATCTTG
13801		GCATGAACTT				
13861		GGCAATACTC				
13921		GACTGGTTGT				
		CCCGAATTCA				
13981						
14041		TGTCGTCCGG				
14101		TGTCGCCAAG				
14161		GAAACACCGG				
14221		TTGCTGCAAA				
14281	GATGATGTCC	CCGCTGGAAA	TGGATTATCA	ACGTGTTAAT	CATGGCGTGA	ATCTGAACTG
14341		CCGCAGTTAG				
14401		GGAATTTCCG				
14461		ACGGGATATC				
	GIGCICCOGI	ACATATTCCG	CCACAACACC	Tricovitac	COLINCOLNI	AUCHIOCICON
14521						
14581	ACGGGCGTCT	GGATTGGGTG	WITHCOCCAL	TATOOCITACG	GGGCTACCAC	ACCATGTCAC
14641		ATGGACACCC				
14701	CGCAGGCAAA	ACTGGCTGAT	ATTGATGGGG	CIGGGCTGCC	TGACTTAGCG	CTTATCGGGC
14761	CALATAGTGT	ACGTGTCTGG	TCAAATAATC	CGGCAGGATG	GGATCGCGCT	CAGGATGTTA
14821	TTCATTTGTC	AAATAAGCCA	CTGCCGGTTC	CCGGCAAAAA	TAAGCGTCAT	CTTGTCGCAT
14881	TCAGTGATAT	GACAGGCTCC	GGGCAATCAC	ATCTGGTGGA	AGTTACGGCA	AATAGCGTGC
14941	GCTACTGGCC	GAACCTGGGG	CATGGAAAAT	TTGGTGAGCC	TCTGATGATA	ACAGGCTTCC
15001	ALETTACECE	GAAACGTTTA	ACCCCCACAG	ACTGTATATG	GTAGACCTAA	ATGGCTCAGG

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	15061	CACCACCCGA	TITTATTTAT	GCCCGCAATA	CTTACCTTGA	ACTCTATGCC	AATGAAAGCG
	15121	GCAATCATTC	TGCTGAACCT	CAGCGTATTG	ATCTGCCGGA	TEGECTACET	TTTGATGATA
	15181	CTTGTCGGTT	ACABATAGOG	CATACACAAC	GATTAGGGAC	TCCCACCATT	ATTTTGACGA
	15241	TCCCCCATAT	CANCETECNE	CACTOCOCAT	TOTATATOR	CULTAGENTA	CCTTGGCTGC
	15301	TGAATGCCCT	מאשטניטטאאט דוגאיי געריי איי	CACIGGCGAI	NAD CON COCT	CHIMIICAMO	AGCTCTGCCC
	15361	VCLLLCCCG1	TAMUMATIMO	AIGGGAACAG	MANUTACOCT	GIALIAICGC	AGCTCTGCCC
		TA COCOMOCO	COMIGAGAAA	TIACAGGCTI	CIGAAICCGG	GATGACGGTG	GTCAGCTACT
	15421	TACCGTTCCC	GGIGCAIGIG	TIGIGGCGCA	CGGAAGTGCT	GGATGAAATT	TCCGGTAACC
	15481	GATIGACCAG	CCATTATCAT	TACTCACATG	GTGCCTGGGA	TGGTCTGGAA	CGGGAGTTTC
	15541	GTGGTTTTGG	GCGGGTGACG	CAAACTGATA	TTGATTCACG	GGCGAGTGCG	ACACAGGGGA
	15601	CACATGCTGA	ACCACCGGCA	CCTTCGCGCA	CGGTTAATTG	GTACGGCACT	GGCGTACGGG
	15661	AAGTCGATAT	TCTTCTGCCC	ACGGAATATT	GGCAGGGGGA	TCAACAGGCA	TTTCCCCATT
	15721	TTACCCCACG	CTTTACCCGT	TATGACGAAA	AATCCGGTGG	TGATATGACG	GTCACGCCGA
	15781	GCGAACAGGA	AGAATACTGG	TTACATCGAG	CCTTAAAAGG	ACAACCTTTA	CGCAGTGAGC
	15841	TGTATGGGGA	TGATGATTCT	ATACTGGCCG	GTACGCCTTA	TTCAGTGGAT	CANGLOUGE
	15901	CCCAAGTACG	TTTCTTACCC	CTCATCCTAT	CCCACCTCCC	TGCGGTACTG	GWW1CCCGCW
	15961	CCGAATCCCG	CCAATACCCA	TATCAACCCC	TTCTTACCCA	TTCCACAGTG	GITICGGIGG
	16021	A TOTAL COOR	ANTATOR	TWIGHTGGGG	CCCCACCACA	ATCTTGAGAT	CAGCCAAAAG
		ATIGICCIIA	AMIMIGATOC	GIINGGAIII	CCCCATA	AICIIGAGAT	TGCCTATTCG
	16081	AGACGICCAC	AGCCIGAGTI	CICGCCTIAI	CCGGATACCC	TGCCCGAAAC	ACTITICACC
	16141	AGCAGTTTCG	ACGAACAGCA	GATGTTCCTT	CGTCTGACAC	GCCAGCGTTT	TTCTTATCAC
	16201	CATCTGAATC	ATGATGATAA	TACGTGGATC	ACAGGGCTTA	TGGATACCTC	ACGCAGTGAC
	16261	GCACGTATTT	ATCAAGCCGA	TAAAGTGCCG	GACGGTGGAT	TITCCCTTGA	ATGGTTTTCT
	16321	GCCACAGGTG	CAGGAGCATT	GTTGTTGCCT	GATGCCGCAG	CCGATTATCT	GGGACATCAG
	16381	CGTGTAGCAT	ATACCGGTCC	AGAAGAGCAA	CCCGCTATTC	CTCCGCTGGT	GGCATACATT
	16441	GAAACCGCAG	AGTTTGATGA	ACGATCGTTG	GCGGCTTTTG	AGGAGGTGAT	GGATGAGCAG
	16501	GAGCTGACAA	AACAGCTGAA	TGATGCGGGC	TGGAATACGG	CAAAAGTGCC	GTTCAGTGAA
	16561	AAGACAGATT	TCCATGTCTG	GGTGGGACAA	AAGGAATTTA	CAGAATATGC	CCCTCCAGAC
	16621					CAGGTCAAAC	
	16681					CGGCTGGCCT	
	16741					CAGATATCAA	
		CACACACTACG	MITALCOALL	1W100110CQ	CTITCE	CAGATATCAA	IGATAACTAT
	16801	CACACCGIGA	CGITIGATGC	AC 10000ACo	GIANCUNGLI	TCCGTTTCTG	GGGACTGAA
	16861	AACGGTGAAA	AACAAGGATA	TACCCCTGCG	CANAL LOAMA	CTGTCCCCTT	TATTGTCCCC
	16921	ACAACGGTGG	ATGATGCTCT	GGCATTGAAA	CCCGGCATAC	CTGTTGCAGG	GCTGATGGTT
	16981					ATGATGGGGA	
	17041	GAGCTGAAAC	CGGCTGGGAT	CATCACTGAA	GATGGTTATC	TCCTGTCGCT	TGCTTTTCGC
	17101	CGCTGGCATC	AAAATAACCC	TGCCGCTGCC	ATGCCAAAGC	AAGTCAATTC	ACAGAACCCA
	17161	CCCCATGTAC	TGAGTGTGAT	CACCGACCGC	TATGATGCCG	ATCCGGAACA	ACAATTACGT
	17221					CAAACAGCCG	
	17281	AAGTGGTGAA	GCCTGGGTAC	CTGATGAGTA	TGGAGCCAAT	GTGGCTGAAA	ATCANGGCGC
	17341					CCCGGACGTA	
	17401	VCCCCVVVVC	CCAAACCCCC	TCCCTTACCT	TTCLLLCCCT	ATTCCTGAAA	TA ATTOCCCC
	17461					TATGCCGATA	
	17521					GCGGGTTGCG	
	17581					CTCCCGGTGA	
	17641					ATTTAGGAAT	
	17701					GACAACCGTG	
	17761	ACGCGAAATA	GCCTGGTATC	GGCACCCCGA	TACACCTCAG	GTAACCGATG	AACGCATCAC
	17821	CGGTTATCAA	TATGATGCTC	AAGGATCTCT	GACTCAGAGT	ATTGATCCGC	GATTTTATGA
	17881					AATCTTATTC	
	17941	ACTCAGTAAG	AAGGCATTGC	GTACGCAAAG	TGTGGATGCC	GGAACCCGTG	TCGCCCTGCA
	18001					GGCGTTAGCC	
	18061					ACCGAGCAGG	
	18121					ACGCCGGCAG	
	18181	TARTTTCCCC	GCCCACTGCC	TECTONTIA	TERTOCALC	GGAATGAATC	A A A C C A A C A C
	18241						
						TTAGTGAAAG	
	18301	AGUCGATTGG	CACGGTATGG	AIGAATTIGG	CIGGAAAAAC	GCGCTGGCGC	CGGAAAGCTT
	18361	CACTTCTGTC	AGCACAACGG	AIGCTACCGG	CAUGGTATTA	ACGAGTACAG	ATGCTGCCGG
	18421	AAACAAGCAA	CGTATCGCCT	ATGATGTGGC	CGGTCTGCTT	CAAGGCAGTT	GGTTGGCGCT
	18481	GAAGGGGAAA	CAAGAACAAG	TTATCGTGAA	ATCCCTGACC	TATTCGGCTG	CCAGCCAGAA
:	18541	GCTACGGGAG	GAACATGGTA	ACGGGATAGT	GACTACATAT	ACCTATGAAC	CCGAGACGCA
:	18601	ACGAGTTATT	GGCATAAAAA	CAGAACGTCC	TTCCGGTCAT	GCCGCTGGGG	AGAAAATTTT
:	18661	ACAAAACCTG	CGTTATGAAT	ATGATCCTGT	CGGAAATGTG	CTGAAATCAA	CTAATGATGC
	18721	TGAAATTACC	CGCTTTTGGC	GCAACCAGAA	AATTGTACCG	GAAAATACTT	ACACCTATGA
	18781	CAGCCTGTAC	CAGCTGGTTT	CCGTCACTGG	GCGTGAAATG	GCGAATATTG	CCCCCCAAAA
	18841	AAACCAGTTA	CCCATCCCC	CTCTCATTCE	TLACARTICT	TATACGAATT	A CACARACTER C
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## Fig.2.

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18901	TTACGACTAT	GATCGTGGGG	GAATCTGACC	AGAATCGCAT	AATTCACGAT	CACCGGTAAT
18961	AACTATACAA	CGAACATGAC	CGTTTCAGAT	CACAGCAACC	GGGCTGTACT	GGAAGAGCTG
19021	GCGCAAGATC	CCACTCAGGT	GGATATGTTG	TTCACCCCCG	GCGGGCATCA	GACCCGGCTT
19081	GTTCCCGGTC	AGGATCTTTT	CTGGACACCC	CGTGACGAAT	TGCAACAAGT	GATATTGGTC
19141	AATAGGGAAA	ATACGACGCC	TGATCAGGAA	TTCTACCGTT	ATGATGCAGA	CAGTCAGCGT
19201	GTCATTAAGA	CTCATATTCA	GAAGACAGGT	AACAGTGAGC	AAATACAGCG	AACATTATAT
19261	TTGCCAGAGC	TGGAATGGCG	CACGACATAT	AGCGGCAATA	CATTAAAAGA	GTTTTTGCAG
19321	GTCATCACIG	TCGGTGAAGC	GGGTCAGGCA	CAAGTGCGGG	TGCTGCATTG	GGAAACAGGC
19381	AAACCGGCGG	ATATCAGCAA AATTGGGACA	TGATCAGCIG	CATCATT	AIGGCAACCI	GATIGGCAGT
19441		GCCGTGTGGG				
19501		AAGAGCGGGA				
19561 19621		GGCGATGGTT				
19621		GCAGGAATAA				
19741		TIGCCTGGAT				
19801		TIGAACAAGG				
19861		TTTTGGGTGT				
19921		TGGGGGATCG				
19981		GCGAACAACA				
20041		GCTCCTGTTC				
20101		AGCTCTTCGA				
20161		GCTTTAGCCG				
20221		AGTACGCTGG				
20281		CAGGCGCAAT				
20341	GAGCTGGGTG	AACGGGCAGC	GATTGGTGCT	ATGTATGGTG	CTCGATGGGG	AAGGATCATT
20401	GGTAATCTAT	GGGATGGCCC	TTATCGGTTT	ATCGGCAGGT	TACTGCTCAG	AAGAGGCATT
20461		TTTCCCACGC				
20521		GAAATATTTC				
20581	GTTGGTGCAG	CCATTGGCGG	GACAGCCGCG	GCCGCTCATC	ATGCCGTTGG	AGGGGAAGTT
20641	GCCAATGCCG	CTAGCCGGGT	TACCTGGAGC	GGCTTTAAGC	GGGCTTTTAA	TAACTTCTTC
20701	TTTAACGCCT	CTGCACGTCA	TAATGAATCC	GAAGCATAAC	AATCATGTTC	ATTCCCACTT
20761	TGTCATGGAT	GACAAGGTGG	GTTTTTCGGA	TGTGTGGACA	GAGACCCGTA	CAGGGTCTCT
20821		TTTTTGGATC				
20881		AATAAGCTTT				
20941	GCCTGTATCG	GCCACAGGAA	GCCCTTCAAA	TGGCAGGTAC	TTAGCATCAT	TGAAATCCAT
21001		CCACTGTCAT				
21061		CTGCCGCCAT				
21121		GTCACACTGA				
21181		ATATTCAGAT				
21241		TTAAGCGTTG				
21301	TITATCITIT	AAAATGAAAC	TATTTTCTGT	CAGACCAGCA	TACACTTCAG	CCAGAGAAAC
21361		ACCTCCAGTG				
21421	TAAATTCAGC	ATCAGGGTTT	CACCCGCTAA	CARTCATAC	TAAGICCCAI	GCCAAGCACC
21481	TGGTTTAATA	AAGTGTGCTG GAGACCGCCA	CCGCATTATT	CTCATAC	TGATAAGTTI	ACCUTOCCAL
21541						
21601		TGCTGAGTTT				
21661 21721		GCTAATTGAG				
21721	AATTTCCCAC					
21841	AATACGTGTT	CCTGACGCAG	TATOCORDE	ACCAATCGCA	CTGCCATTGA	AAAGCGCCCC
21901	MINCOLOTI	CCTCCCACAG	CAAAACCGTA	AATATTGGGG	ACCACATOTG	CCCCCCCC
21961	GGCCATATGC	ACCCUTCTC	CECTECTECT	CAAGACCGAT	CAACAGAGGT	AAAGATCCAT
22021	CCCMINITE	TCACCAGCGT	TAACATCTTC	GTCGTACAGC	GTATTGAAAC	TGTCAAAACG
22021	AGECTGTGCA	CCATGACGGC	TTTCTTGAAG	CCCCAATTTA	TCAGCATCAA	TTTCAGCCAT
22141	CACCTTATCC	TGCATTTTAA	TACTTTGCAG	GGCTAACTCA	CTGCCTTGAG	TTTGCAGTAT
22201	TTCAGCCAAG	GCTTCTGCAT	CCTGCCGTTC	AGTAATGCTG	AGCAGGGTAT	TGCCAAATTC
22261	TATCAACTGG	CTTACCCCCC	ACTTGGCATT	TTCCAGAATC	ACCGGAAAAC	GGTACATCGG
22321	CATCACTICCA	TGAGGTAAAT	CCCCCCCCC	TTGTGAAGCA	GTGATGGCAG	CACTGAGTAA
22381	CATGGACGGA	TCTGCGGGCG	TGGCATAGAG	AGATAATGAC	AGTGGCTGAC	CGTCGATTGT
22441		CGTAAGTTAT				
22501		TGAGGGAGGA				
22561	ATGCAGCGCG	CTGACGCAGT	TGCAGCATTT	TATGTTGATA	ATGATGCCGC	ATTGTTTGGC
22621	TGGCAGCTTC	TTCCAGCCGT	GGCTCTGACC	AATCGTTATC	CAATGAAAAA	TAAGGCTCAT
22681	CACCCAATAA	AGTGAGCGCC	TGTACATACC	ACATTTTAGC	TTCGTTTAAG	GTATCACGTT
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# Fig.2.

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	22741	CAAGCTGGCG	ATAGGCGCTA	TCTCCGCGGG	TAATCAACAA	ATCCAGCATT	TTCATAAAGG
	22801	TAGCCACTTT	ATAGTGCATC	GGATCATGCT	GGGCAACGGC	GTCCGGATCG	ACCGAATCCA
	22861	GCGGATTGGC	ATTCCAGGAC	GTATCTTCCT	CCAATGGGCG	GACGTTCCAG	TAATAATCCT
	22921	GCATTTCACC	CTGAACCGAA	TATCCGGTCG	GGTTCAGATA	TAGCGCAGCC	AGCGTGTCGA
	22981	TCCGGTAAAA	TCTGCTCTTG	CAATAAGCGC	TGGAATACCA	TCATGGGCGT	TGTAATAGAA
	23041	CAATCCCAAG	<b>AAATAGATTG</b>	CATTGGCGCC	GTTTGAAATC	CATGGGTTCA	GIGITATIT
	23101	TCATGACACG	ACTTGAATAC	CCCTTTTATA	TITTITGATA	TTTTTTACTA	TCCCCTGTTG
	23161	TGTCATTCCC	GAATCATGAT	CGGCATCATT	AGTGAATATA	AATTGATTTT	TOGTOTOATO
	23221	AAAATAAAAG	AAAGCAGATT	CCCAGGATTT	GTCATAGATA	ATTITITITET	ACCCAACCCC
	23281	TAATCTGACA	CCTTCACGTA	TGTAATATCC	TTTAGCATAG	GGAACAAAGA	GCGTTACTCT
	23341	GGTTTCAATA	TCAGATAACA	TTCCTTCGTA	ATAAGGTTGT	CTGGCAGAAT	TGCCATCAAT
	23401	ATTCCCAATA	TGGATCTTAA	ACCAACGTTC	ATCACCATGC	TCCTCTTTAT	TGTAGGGGGG
	23461	CAACTTAAAT	GTCGCATAAA	ACCUTTCACC	TAATTGCGGC	TCTGGTAAAT	THECTHE
	23521	CATACTTAAA	ACATTATCAA	TACCAATATT	GGCTCTTTCA	GCTAATTTTC	TECANANTAN
	23581	AGTATTTAAC	CGGGTTCTGT	AAGGGCCAAT	CTGCATATAT	TGTGTGCCTG	אדוניניניניניניניניניניניניניניניניניניני
	23641	ATGCAGTGAT	ATAACGTTAC	TIGTATCTIT	GGATTTTAGT	TTTATATGAA	TTCCCCATTC
	23701	AATAACAATA	TCGTTATAAC	CCCCTCCCC	TIGCITAATA	ATANACTOC	TCACCAGAGG
	23761	AATATCATAG	CCTTCAATAT	CAACTITTAC	TIGATTAAAA	TCATATACCA	TACCCAGAGG
	23821	TTCGTGTGAA	GGTTTAGATG	CCACATGGTC	TTCAGCATTT	AACTCCACTA	CANTATORCA
	23881	CCCTALALA	AATAAAAAAC	TAATGTTTTT	ATCTTGGATC	TGTTCGATCA	TACATCARC
	23941	AAGTTTTATT	ATCTGTGGCT	GGTTGAACAT	AAATACACCC	ATGGATCCTC	CCCAACCAAC
	24001	AGTGCCGCAA	TATTTCCCAT	GTTATTAATG	ATTGAAACAT	CATTACTANA	TCATTCACAT
	24061	ATLGTATGCC	ATACTCCTGT	GTTATCTTTC	CAATCTAATA	СТАТСТТАСТ	ATCARCAT
	24121	AATTCAGCAT	CATCTCATTC	ATABTCATAB	TTTATACCAA	CTCCAATTC	WICHWOILIG
	24181	CCTTALLELLE	CLICATO	TAGATGCATT	AACACTCTAA	AATATTCCCC	10VIIIICIV
	24241	TCCATCCAAA	מת מת מדמ מד	CAAACTTCCA	TAATGAAAAA	Catalona Annual Control	MITITIANON
	24301	ATTTCATCAT					
	24361	AGGTATTTAA					
	24421				GGTGATATAT		
	24481				GTTATAGATT		
	24541				TCTGTCCTGG	-	
	24601				GTGAGAATGG		
	24661	ATGGTCATCC					
	24721	AAATAAACAA					
	24781	TTTTTATTGA					
	24841	CTGCCATCAT					
	24901	TCTTCACTTT					
	24961	TAAATAACAG	CTCTCATATT	Tremerear	A CATTEATES	CTANTIACAN	WCGWGWC11G
	25021	TCTCCCCAGG					
	25021	CAATAATATA					
	25141				ACCTGCAAGT		
	25201	GTCAGATAAT					
	25261	TGCTGTAACA	CCTTCTTCAT	CATACCTCTC	TCACCAATAL	CARTCCTCCC	CTCCDTDTDC
	25321	TTTTCCGGAT	AATACCCCAC	TTCACATACC	CCCCCCCACC	TECTATACCC	TCCATAIAG
	25321 25381	GTTTCCCAGT					
	25381 25441	TTATTCAACG					
	25501	GTTTTCACTT					
	25561	CTCTTAATCT					
	25621	GCTTCATCCA					
	25681	AAAGTACTGG					
	25741	TATTITAATT					
	25 <b>74</b> 1 25801	TCCAGCCATT					
	25861	ACCGGTCTGT					
	25921	AATTGTTCGG					
	25921 25981	TCACAACGCA					
		TGCAGTGCTG					
	26041	TTTTCGCTGA					
	26101						
	26161	GCCACCATGT TCATCGAATG	TOCTOOTILE	WITCICICHO	CONTICHED Y	ACACCART	AATCATGAAA
	26221	TUATUGAATG	TONGICCIIG	TOOTITIATE	TOWTING	CCCCACCACA	AGTITUTGUT
	26281	GTTTTGGCTG	WHICHHIIIG	WHIRETORY WAR	CCAMILAGEG	GGGCAGCTGC	ACGGATCAGT
	26341	TCGTCATCAC	CGAGIGAAAG	TOTICALANT	TCCCTCCTC	GIGICGIGAT	AAGGTTTTCA
	26401	ATATCCGGCG	TANGONCHOI	GCIGIWHITH	TCCGTGGTCV	CARGAAACAC	ATUACTGACA
	26461	GACCATTTCT	CIGITAICHG	CCNC100010	CATIONNACE	DAAAGCTGAT	TAATIGCGTT
•	26521	AATGCTGTAT	CAGAAAAAAG	GOCHHIIIIC	GIGITCACAT	AGGGAGAAAC	CGACAACAAC

	9					
26581	ATGGATAATT	CATTCACTGT	CAGATGATGA	ATGTCTGCCA	GCAGACGAAC	GCGATAAAGC
26641	AGAGACAGGT	TCTCGATGGA	ACACATAAAT	TCTGGATTTG	TTCCGCCATT	AGCCAGTTTC
26701	CATAATGTAT	ACAGTTCAGT	ATCATTCACT	CTGAAAGCAC	GTTTCATTAT	TCCCAAATAA
26761	AAATGGTTTT	TIGATICACC	GGGGGTTAAA	TCCAGTTTGG	TATTATCAGC	AGAAAACTCT
26821	TGGCCATTTA	ATAGCGGTGT	ATTGAACAGC	ATTGTAAAAT	GACTGGGTTG	TIGITIAGIG
26881	GAATATTGGC	TGATATCTGA	ATGACACAAT	ACCAGCGCAT	CGCTGACGCT	<b>AATATTATAG</b>
26941				TTACCCAACA		
27001	TCATCATAAA	TACTTTCTAT	TACTTGCCAG	ATATCTTCTG	GAGATATGCC	TGTGGCTTTA
27061	TACAAACGAA	TCGCTTTATT	CAGCTITAAC	AGGAATATAT	CACCGGGAAC	TCCATCATTT
27121	TAAAGTGTGC	ATTGGCATTG	ATAGCATCCG	ACGGATTTGG	TTAACTCGCC	ATAAGCGGAG
27181	TGTTATACCG	TIGGIGATIT	GCTCTGTCGT	CAATTTAATG	<b>GGAATACTGT</b>	AATGGGTATT
27241	AGCAATGGGG	ACGAAATTTT	TATCTTGGTA	TATATATTCT	TTATCTCCAT	TCTGGAGACG
27301	AAAATCCAAG	TGGTCAGGTT	CIGITITIT	TACACTGAAA	TTATATTTGT	ATTCATTTTC
27361	TTTGATTGGA	ATTAGCTCTG	CATAGTTTAA	ATGTGAATCG	TAGAAATCTT	TGCGGGTTCG
27421				CCCGTCATTG		
27481	ATTCTTATAC	TGTTGATTTG	TATTTTTCTT	ACCGAAGGAG	AGATTGACAA	ATAAACTGAG
27541				CAAAGAAGCA		
27601				TTCTGTTGAA		
27661	TACAAGGATT	TGATACAATT	CAGGCGATAT	ATCAGTCTTA	ATAGCCAGTA	GCGATGTTGG
27721				GCTAAATGCG		
27781				CAGATGATAG		
27841	GTAAGTGGAC	<b>AACATTTTCA</b>	TTACACCGTT	ATAGTCAGTT	TTCTCTAACG	TCTGAATATT
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27961				TCGTTTATTC		
28021				TTCTGTTAAA		
28081				GTGGGCGCGG		
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28201				TITATTCTGT		
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28621				TTAATTGTGT		
28681				TATTGAGGAT		
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28861				TAATCAAAGA		
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28981				GTGGATTTAA		
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29221				GTTTATGTTG		
29281				GTTCGTATCG		
29341				ATCCGCATAG		
29401				GCTTTCTGGG		
29461				TGGTCACTGA		
29521				AATAGAGGAA		
29581				AGTCCTTTGA		
29641				TGTCAGATGT		
29701				ATTTATTTAA .		
29761				CTGTTGTAAG		
29821	TTTGACATGG	TTAAGCAACT	GCCACATAAA	TTGGCAGCAG	IGGITTCGTG	TCACGGTTTC
29881				ATTCAACCAC		
29941	GAGAAGATTA	AATTIGGGAT	TCTTTGCCAG	CCAAACCCTG .	ACCTTCCGGC	TCTTATGAAT
30001	GCAATAGTTA	TCTAAAATTA	ACGTGATGGT	TITGGCATTA .	ACATATTGAT	TGTTAATTTC
30061	ATCTAACAAT	TTGATAAATA	AATCTGAGTT	CITICTCAAG	CTACCGACAT .	AAGTGATTTC
30121	TITCGTTTTC	GCGTTGAGGC	AATTGGCAAG	GTAGTGTTTT	TGGTTCTTTC	CGGGGGTAAC
30181	AACACGCTTT	TGTTGCCCTT	TGAAGCACCA	GICIGCACCG	ATTITCGGGT	TCAGGTTGAT
30241	GTCCACCTCA	TCCTCATAGA	AGACCGGGTG	TITCTCTTGA	GGCATTGGAT	AACGTCTCGC
30301	TGATTTTTGC	CATTTTTCA	TCATACTCAG	GGTCAGGCAA	TITTACGGTT	GGTGCCGCCC
30361	TTCGCCAAAC	GATGCCCGTC	CGGCAAAAGT	AGCGATAGAG	GGTACTTTGA	GAGAGCGATG

30421		CTCATTGATT				
30481	AGCCAAAATG	TTGTGGCGAG	TGCTGTAATA	AGAAAGAAAT	GACTGTGAAG	AGCGGAGCTA
30541		GGCAGGCCTT				
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30661		ACTCCCTTCA				
30721		TTTCTGGATA				
30781		CATGACTCAG				
30841		GGACTGAGTT				
7 . 7 .						
30901		AATGAGTTAT				
30961		ACCGGTGGTA				
31021		ATCAAAGTTA				
31081		GGCAGTTATG				
31141		GGTGATTCAG				
31201		CCACTGATGG				
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31441	TAACAGAAAA	TTCATGGTTA	GGAAATTCAA	TCAACTTTTG	TCCGGTTTCC	TGACCATGAA
31501	GAGCTGTATT	TACTGTAGAA	CTCGCATTGA	TACTGGATTG	ATTAGCCGGA	CGAGTGTTGG
31561	GTCAGCAGAT	AATATGTTGT	ATATTGGCTG	TGGATTTTTC	AGCGAGATGA	TAGCTTTGGC
31621	AGTAAAGGCG	ATTAATAACC	GATAAAACAG	AGAGACGGAT	TGTGGCCAGG	AAAGCAAAAA
31681		TGACGCGTTA				
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31861	GTCGAGACAA	CCCACGGGGA	CGGTTACATT	TATTGCCTGA	TTGAACACCA	GTCCACGCCT
31921		TGGCCTGGCG				
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32101		ATCAGCCCCT				
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32281		TTGTGTTAAG				
32341	TTTGTCCATC	AACTGACTGA	ACAATCTCCG	GAGCATGAAA	CCATGTTGAT	GACTATICCA
32401		AACAAAAAGG				
32461		GGGAAGAAGG				
32521		TCATTGTCAC				
32581		ATACGCTTTT				
32641		CTACGATTTA				
32701		TCCCATATCA				
32761		ATTTGCCAAC				
32821		TTTGGTTGCA				
32881		ACCACCGTCA				
32941		CTGATITITC				
		GAATTCCGGA				
33001						
33061		CGTTGTCAGA CTCCGGTTGT				
33121						
33181		GTCCCGATCA CAGGTTAGTA				
33241	TGGGGGATA	CAGGITAGIA	TOO TOACCOA	JOINTICIGE	CCAMCCGGIA	CCAAAGAAG I
33301		CACAAAGATA				
33361		AACGACGGCG				
33421	AGGCGATGTT	CAGTGCTTCA	CGCAGCTCTT	TCACTAACAA	AACATAGTTT	GGGCCATCAT
33481		GAATTCATTA				
33541		AAACATGGGA				
33601		CAGGATCTTT				
33661		CGAGTTCCAG				
33721		GTAAACCGGA				
33781		GGCGCTGATC				
33841		CGGGTACAAT				
33901		GGTTCCACCC				
33961		CGGCCATAAA				
34021	TCCAGATCAA	AACCACGGCC	GGGGGCATCG	TCGCTGGTCA	GCGCAGTGTT	ATCCTGGGTT
34081	TCTGGCGACA	AACGCGCATC	ATACTGGCAC	CAGTCAGTAA	TATAGGCAGA	GACTTTAGGC
34141		TATTTTCCGG				
34201	GCTGAAGAAT	AACTCAAAGG	AGTTCCGCTG	CCGTCAGGTT	TATATCCCAC	CTTCTGATAG

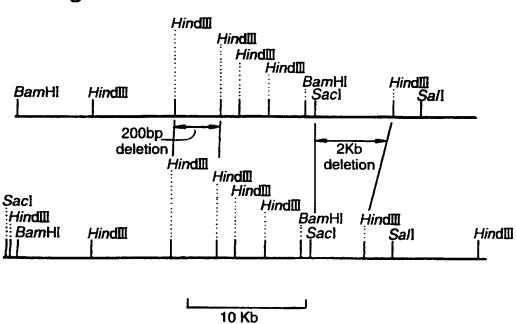
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34321	GGCGTATTGG	GGTTACCGTG	ATCGGCAATT	TCTTCCGGTG	TCGCCTCACG	GACATATTGC
	CACCCATTO	CATAAACCGG	TABANCACCE	CAAATATTCC	CCTCCCCAAT	ATTCCCACCOTT
34381						
34441	TCAACCCAGC	CGATGTTTTT	AAAAACCGCG	CTATCATAAA	TGACATACCA	GGTTTGACCA
34501	CCACATTCAT	TCTGCCAGGC	AACCAGAGAT	CCCCCTACTT	CCCTCCTCCC	CTCACACATC
34561		AAGGGTATCG				
34621	TATTCCGGGG	CCGGCTCCTG	ATATCAGTTA	GAATTGTCTT	GTTTTAATTG	ATGTTTATTC
	1,1111000000	GAACCTGCTG	CORCA A CTCA	WILL CAMPOON	CACTCACATC	1000000000
34681						
34741	TAACGCAGAT	<b>GGAGGATAAT</b>	ATCGCTCAGC	GACTCCAGCA	GCTGATCCTG	ATCGGAACCG
		TCCACTGTGA				
34801	AATTCCAACT	ICCACIGIGA	AATOGCGCCT	GICCCIICM	AAGGCAGGAA	MAGIICAICA
34861		GCCTGAACAT				
34921	TTACCCTCTA	CGTTCAGCAA	AACGTTTTCG	GGTTTGGTGT	ATTCCAAGGG	GTTAAGCAAA
		TTTTTAAGTC				
34981	TAATCGATAG	TITITAAGIC	AGCAGIACIG	IMMAGCGINI	IGCIGNGIIG	IACCAGIGAA
35041	GCCCGTACAT	CTTCATAAGG	CCCCAGCAAT	GCGGGCAATG	ACAGCGCTAC	GGTTTTTATA
35101	CCCCCATCAC	CGTGGGTCGG	ATAATCCCCC	AACAACATTT	CCCCCCTCAC	TAACAAACTC
	CGCCGATCAG	CG1GGG1CGG	AIAMICOCOC	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	TOUCOCIONS	TANGALAGIG
35161	AATGAACCCG	TACTCTTGCC	AATTTCCCAC	TGTGATGATG	TCAGTAATGA	TTTTACCGAT
35221	ATTECTTOPA	TGATCTCCAG	ACGTCTGGTG	TTATGTTGCA	AATACGCCTG	ATCCATCCGT
	man a comm	ATTTCAGATG	THE CHICAGO ACC	ACCACCCCCT	CATAAACATC	ATTOCACACA
35281	TGTAAGGCTA	ATTICAGAIG	TICICCGACC	MOCMOCCCCI	GATAMAGATC	ATICCAGAGA
35341	CCACTTTGGA	CGAAATTCAT	ATCATACTGA	CCTGTTTCGT	ACTGCCAGGA	GGCTTCGGCC
	ACTABACACA	<b>GGGAATTAAC</b>	CCCATCATAC	COTTCCACCT	AAAGCCCGAG	A TELETICIC CELLS A
35401	AGIAMACAGA	GGGAATIAAC	CGCATCATAG	001100001	DDIOCCOGAG	ATTIGGETGA
35461	TCATCCACAT	GTATAACGCA	TCATIGGTAN	ANTIGITONN	MMMMMMMM	NNNNNNNN
35521	CCCLACCATA	CCGCCAAGAC	CATCCCCCCG	ACGGCCAGAC	<b>CGAAAATATT</b>	GGGAACCATA
		CGGCCGCAGT	CCCCCCCCC	TOCOCOLOCO	TONCACCOTO	NC CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
35581	TCCGCCACAG	CGGCCGCAGT	PPCPPC1PNC	IGGGCAGCGA	ICACACCIIC	AGCCGCTCTT
35641	GATTGTAATG	CGATAACTTC	CTGCTCGGTG	ATGGAGATGT	TTTCATCATA	GAGCGATTTA
	The Care delivered	GGCGCTCCTG	ACCCCCCCCT	CCCCTCATCC	TCAGTGCATC	CARTGARGCC
35701	INGIGITACT	GGCGCTCCTG	AGCGGCCCG1	COOCIONIO	100100110	CAATGAAGCC
35761	TGTTGCATGT	CAATCGCTTG	CIGTIGCAGA	TIGCGGGTAA	AGCIGTACAG	CCCCAGTIGC
35821	TGCTGCATAC	GGAAGTGTTC	AAAATCGGTA	TIGICITITI	TCTCCAGCAA	ACTCAGTAAC
	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	ACTGAATCAG	Contability (A)	Charlestands.	CCCCCCTCNT	CATCCCCCTC
35881	GIGCIGCCGI	ACIGAAICAG	CGITICIGCG	GCCICITITO	CCCGGCTCAT	GAICGGGGIG
35941	AAACGATAAT	TCGGGATTGC	CCGGCGTTTC	ATGCCCGCCA	TACGATTAGC	CACAACACGC
36001	TYPETTA A CYCLYT	GCCTGAGCAG	ATCTTCCGGG	CTGATGGGTT	CATCGTATAA	TUCGGUGGA
	IGGIAACGCI	GCCIGAGCAG	AZCITOCOCO	C1071100011	> m> c> cccmc	100000000
36061	AACTCTTTAC	CATCCAAGGT	CAGGTTATGA	CGIAAGIIAI	ATAGACGCTG	ATCCAACATT
36121	TECCACAGTT	TGAGATATTC	CGTATCAACA	GGTTTGACAA	ATAAATCAGA	CGGTGCGGCA
	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	TATCATATGT	CACACCCACA	ACTOCOACCT	TECTENCACT	AACCATTAAC
36181	GAGACGGAIG	IMICAIMIGI	CACAGGCAGA	AG100CACG1	TOCTOACAGI	AAGCATTAAC
36241	TCCTGTGCCC	GTGCTTCACT	GTTTTCATAC	AGAGCCACAT	CTTGCAGCGT	ACGGGGTTGC
36301	CACTTTCCCC	CGAGCAGAAT	ATCAGGGCTG	GTACCCAGTA	ACATATTGAC	GGAGTCATAG
	CAGITICECO	00100010101	maga cocca m	CALCA C CALALLY C	COTATTCCAT	CTCTCCCTC
36361	ATCIGCITGG	CGACAGTACG	TGCACTGGAT	GICAGCIIAC	GGIAIICCAI	GICICCCIGA
36421	TCTAACAGAT	TCTTGACATA	GAAACGGAAT	ATTGCTTTCC	GGTAGTGAAT	GGGTTCACTG
-	COMMON	CATCCGGATC	COMMICANTON	ATTA A CATCC	CCTACACCCT	CCCTCCACCA
36481	GCIGCAAIGG	CAICCGGAIC	GGIIGGIICA	ATTANCATCC	GGTACACGGT	GGGIGGAGGA
36541	TCAATAATTG	GCCGTGAATT	CCAGTAACGC	GGTTTACCTT	GGTTGCTGGC	CIGAACAAGT
36601	TOTTOTOTO	GCGGATTAAA	AATATACTCC	AGCCATTCGG	TEGECTETT	TAATCGTTGT
	TORICITOON	00000117501	010010111	CCCAMATCCA	2220000000	CCACAAAMAC
36661	TCTATATICA	GTCGCCACGC	GACCAGAAAI	GGCW1W1GGW	MAMACAGIIC	CCAGAAATAG
36721	ATCCCATTTG	CGCCATTTAA	ATCAATCGGC	GTAGGGAATG	AACCGGGTAT	AGGCTGTTCG
	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	GTGTATTCCA	COTONOTACO	TECCCCATAC	CCTCACTCCC	AATCCCCATC
36781	GIAAIAAGCI	GIGIATICCA	GCICHGINCC	IGCGGGATAC	CCTGACTGGC	AATGGCGATC
36841	AGTTTTTTTG	CAAACAGTGT	ATTAAGGCGA	ATGTTTTGTG	GCGCGTTATC	AGTITCATCT
36901	CCCCCC D DCC	AAAGGAATTG	CACCTGATCC	TGTTCATTGA	GTTTAATCAG	TTCGCGAATA
	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	TTCTGAACTC	TOTAL COLD CACO	CALCLO V CALALLA	CHTTYCCHAC	y CCy CCalatal
36961	IGCATACCGA	TICIGAACIC	TIGNOTHUNG	CIGGCVCIII	CAT TOCCHAC	ACCACCITIO
37021	GGCTTAAAGA	GAAGTTCGGC	TTTCAGGGTG	ATTCGATTAT	CCGACCCCAG	CTTGATTGAT
37081	GGATAGGTTA	AATCAAGAAC	المراكا المحاملات	ACTACCACTC	CALCALCALC	CAACACACTA
	GGAIAGGIIA	ANICARGANC	1111100010	7017CC1010		COLONCACIA
37141	TTATCGTGCA	TCAGCCGGAA	AGAACCGTTG	TAATATIGAT	GATCTTCTAT	CGCACCAAAC
37201	TTALACTCAC	ATTGAGCGAC	AATCTCCAGT	GTGTCATCAG	TGCCATGAAC	AAAATTGACA
	11/00/01010	TACTGTCTTT	CCCCAAATCA	CCCAMPCATTO	Contractor y an	TOTOCCOOR A
37261	AICAGTTIGA	TACIGICITI	OCCUMANICA	COSTICUTIO	COGTITOONI	TCTCCCCCNV
37321	TAGGAAAGCG	TTCTTCCCGG	GTTGCCGGAT	AGAGCACCAT	AGTACGGTAA	TCGATAGGAT
37381	ACCEPTANT FOR	CATCCTTGTG	בעבור ארובור אים	TAATACCAGA	CCAGGTTGCC	CACATATTTT
	TOCCITANGO					~~~~~~~~~
37441	CCTTTTCGTC	CATCAGCATA	TIGGICATCC	GGCAAATCAG	TAATTTCTAC	CAGCAGTGTA
37501	TOCOACACAT	AACCGAAGGC	TTCGTCATAA	TCATAATCCT	TACCTTTCTT	ATCTGTCCCC
	**************************************	CAAACGGAAC	CACACCCACA	ע ע רוברברברטייי	Character	
37561	TGAAGACGGA	CAAACGGAAC	CHUMULCHUA	TWITOGGIVE	GCGGG1C11G	CIGINIAICC
37621	ATCACAGCAA	CCATCTGGGC	CATCCGGTAT	TGCAGATGTC	TTCGCGCAGA	ATGGTGGGTG
37681	TACTOCACOT	GCCATCATAT	TTGGCATAAG	CGATTTTGAT	CCCCTCACCA	ACCCTATACC
	INCICCUOCI	OCCUPANTAL				
37741	AGGAACCCAA	TCACCCGCAC	IAGGCICAAC	GIIIIGGIIA	TOCHO TOATA	ACGCAGTIGT
37801	ATCTTTAGTT	TCAGACTGTT	CTTCAACTTC	CGTCCAGGCA	ATATACAGGC	GATTATTCAG
	0333380000	CGTATCAAAT	ACCIONAL V	CCTCCCCNNT	CCCACCTCAA	The Commence of the Control of the C
37861	<b>GAAAA1GGGG</b>	COTATCAWAI	TOOGGICINC	GCIGCCOWI	COCHOOT CHY	INCOLLICCA
37921	CTCGCTCCAG	GCATTGGGAG	ATAACGCATC	GGTATCAGGA	TGGCGTATCG	AAAGATTCAG
37981	TONACTOON	TAATATTGGT	ATCCCTCTCT	ACGGGTACGT	CCCACAAACA	שנים שריידים שנים
	- JANGUCAG			TO CO THE SAME		WAY WE CANAL
38041	GCGTTTGATG	TTAACACCAT	CITCMIMACC	TOCONTANCI	TACAGGITAC	IGACATCITC

## Fig.2.

38101	AAAATTATTC	AGATAACCGA	GCACCGCTTG	TTGTACAGAA	TCTTCGGTAA	TITTTCCCTG
38161	ATTAAGGGCA	CTTTCCAGTT	GGAAGAAGAA	TTCTGTTTTA	TTCAGGCGTA	ACAGGGGTTC
38221	CAGATAGCTT	TCCGGATAAG	TCCGTAATAA	GCGATCCC		

N=unspecified base

Fig.3.



rnational Application No PCT/GB 97/02284

A. CLASS IPC 6	#PICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER A01N63/02 A01N63/00 C12N1/20 63:02,63:00),(A01N63/00,63:00)	C07K14/24	//(A01N63/02,
According to	o International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classific	ation and IPC	
B. FIELDS	SEARCHED		
Minimum do IPC 6	ocumentation searched (classification system followed by classification AO1N C12N	on symbols)	
	tion searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that s		
	lata base consulted during the international search (name of data ba	or and, where probability seeded is	
C. DOCUM	ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	<del></del>	
Category '	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the rele	want passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 95 00647 A (COMMW SCIENT IND F ;SMIGIELSKI ADAM JOSEPH (AU); AKF 5 January 1995 cited in the application		1,5,11, 13, 18-21, 24-26, 29,30,32
Y	see page 1, line 3 - line 29; cla	aims 10-13	3,4, 6-10,12, 14,27, 28,31
		-/	
!	·		
X Furti	her documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	X Patent family members	are listed in annex.
* Special ca	degories of cited documents :		
	ent defining the general state of the art which is not lared to be of particular relevance		or the international fiting case profiles with the application but ciple or theory underlying the
"E" earlier (	document but published on or after the international	"X" document of particular releva	ance; the claimed invention
	iate ont which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or is ched to establish the publicationdate of another	cannot be considered novel	or cannot be considered to non the document is taken alone
	n or other special reason (as specified) ent referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or means	cannot be considered to invided with	olve an inventive step when the one or more other such docu- sing obvious to a person stilled
"P" docume	ant published prior to the international filing date but han the priority date claimed	in the art. "8." document member of the sai	-
Oate of the	actual completion of theiritemational search	Date of mailing of the interns	itional search report
1	7 December 1997	14/01/1998	
Name and n	mailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentiaan 2	Authorized officer	
	NL — 2280 HV Piljawijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl. Fax: (+31-70) 340-3018	Muellners, W	!

national Application No PCT/GB 97/02284

C.(Continu	ation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT  Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
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